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VOL. XXXV. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 22, 1898. NO. 197

WITH PUBLIC HONORS THE HEROIC DEAD ARE BORNE TO THE TOMB

Thousands of Citizens Join the Mourning Over the Biers of the Dead Deputy Sheriffs.

County Officials, Fraternal Organizations and Innumerable Other Friends Swell the Long Funeral Cortege---Solemn Services at the Church.

Oakland paused for one hour this afternoon to honor its brave dead. During the forty-six years of the city's life it has never been called upon to participate in such a significant ceremony as that witnessed this afternoon.

It was no ordinary occasion. It was not the funeral of men killed in an explosion; it was not a desire to honor men as individuals that caused Oakland to bow its head with respect, it was a display of admiration for the display of valor that caused those men to take their lives in their hands in the performance of their duty. They believed they were doing their duty, and strong in that belief, they did it, and this is the spirit that the world calls heroism. This also is the motive that prompted a great city to suspend its activity for one brief hour.

The long cortege as it passed through the streets, and by drooping flags to the solemn music of the minute bells seemed to be beautifully simple. The line of police officers with draped stars by which it was headed; the fraternal delegates with measured tread; the hundreds of citizens in carriages—aye, even the three hearses carrying the dead and buried beneath God's decorations—this was not that which drew Oakland to the sidewalks and to the church. Its presence was a tribute to that which was unseen but which is inscribed on the unwritten rolls of fame.

As the procession passed the City Hall it was noticed that the old structure was resplendent with the national colors that were placed there to honor the Fourth. They did not seem out of place. They represented the same spirit as the half-mast flag on the dome, and the city was not honoring clay, but those noble spirits that are now free.

Oakland will never have a church large enough to contain the crowd that was anxious to hear the eulogy delivered over those three biers. A city cannot get into a single building and this is why twenty thousand people did not hear the inspiring words of the venerable speaker.

Such occasions as that witnessed today are footprints in the march of time. Full justice can never be done them except as the example which inspired them is more fully comprehended in succeeding years—but on this occasion Oakland did her best.

SOLEMN MARCH TO THE FINAL RESTING PLACE

The funeral procession was formed on Broadway with the Hall of Records on the right and the Court House in which all the deceased found employment on the left.

On either walk there was massed a long line containing hundreds of human beings, of every condition of life in the community, while the steps leading to the halls of justice were a dense mass of aged people and children who sought that point of vantage for the purpose of securing an unobstructed view of the solemn spectacle.

The hour set for the movement of the procession was 1:40 o'clock, but some minutes before that the hearse containing the remains of George Woodsum made its appearance, followed by the relatives and mourners. This part of the funeral occupied the right of the street.

A few minutes later, the hearses containing respectively the remains of Charles White and J. J. Lerri drove up, followed by the grieving friends of the departed ones. The hearse containing Charles White occupied the middle of the thoroughfare, while that of J. J. Lerri proceeded along the west.

The county officials and employees had previously swung into line. Then came the police. At length the procession was formed and the order to advance was given.

The column was led by Chief of Police Fletcher, on either side of whom walked Captains Wilson and Carson. Then came Sergeant Peterson, who was in immediate command of a platoon of police comprising the following patrolmen: Arnest, Schroeder, Scanlan, Murray, Leighton, Tuman, Henderson, Cooney, Cockerton, Stahl, Woods, Langworthy, McSorley, Gilbert, Andrews.

The police were in full dress uniform, save as to the star, which was draped very tastefully with a circlet of crape. They marched with military precision, the platoon taking up the full width of the street. This line was unbroken from the time it started until it neared the church, when a double line was necessary, because of the narrowness of Clay street. The excellence of the line was in a great measure due to the foresight of the Chief of Police, who had detailed officers to clear the streets from curb to curb of every kind of vehicle, and also to prevent the running of cars while the procession was in progress.

The order was rigidly executed, and as a consequence the broad thoroughfare was unobstructed while the procession was in motion.

Following the police were Judges Ellsworth, Greene and Hall in a single line, and then came Supervisors Church, Wells, Talcott and Mitchell, also in a single line.

Then came an imposing body of officials and private citizens, numbering not fewer than a thousand.

It had been intended that this division of the funeral should be confined to the officials of the county and the employes of the several county officers, but the respect which was entertained for the deceased caused this idea to be enlarged upon, and as a consequence the division contained hundreds of people who had gone to the scene simply to act as onlookers. There seemed to be a common impulse to give public proof of that feeling, and as a consequence rank after rank was filled out until the aggregate became one of the most imposing if not the most imposing body of private citizens that has ever appeared in the streets of this city.

Every man in it was attired in black, and each seemed to realize the increased imposing effect which would come from having the marchers keep a regular pace.

The men marched in columns of eight. There was no music, funereal or otherwise, to give the time, but that was supplied by the step which the police took at the beginning and maintained through the march. This pace extended along the column and kept with almost military precision.

As the column moved north on to Broadway it was accompanied by hundreds who had seen it form and continually met hosts of new spectators lining the curbs on either side.

There was scarcely a store open on either side and on every hand in the sorrowful features of the onlookers, as in the blank aspect of the places of business, there was evidence of grief and mourning.

To add to the solemn spectacle, the bell of the engine house on Sixth street between Broadway and Washington street begin to sound in a slow and measured manner and gave notice to people at a distance of the passing of the cortege.

The flags on hundreds of staffs throughout the city were lowered to half mast out of respect to the deceased but more especially in the heart of town and among the places noted were the Hall of Records, Court House, First National Bank, Oakland Water Company, City Hall, Union Savings Bank, Delger Block, Central Block, Charles Heseman, First Congregational Church, Jurgens Block, M. J. Kelier, Macdonough Theater, Kahn Building and Masonic Building.

The presence of three hearses moving abreast, occupying all the available places on the street, each bearing a brave young man to his last resting place caused many a hat to be lifted. They had all died together and it was deemed fitting that they should likewise go to their last resting place in company. Each hearse was preceded by the fraternal orders to which, if any the deceased belonged. In this way, the remains of J. J. Lerri were escorted by the Order of National Union and the Knights of Pythias, while those of G. C. Woodsum had in the advance Odd Fellows and Woodmen of the World.

A span of white horses bore the hearse containing the remains of Charles White, and all the hacks were drawn by the same colored animals.

The procession moved up Broadway to Fourteenth, thence to Clay and thence to Twelfth street, where the remains were taken into the First Congregational Church in the presence of thousands of people.

THREE HEARSES ABREAST BEAR THE DEPARTED

The hearse containing the remains of Charles White was drawn by a fine pair of white horses caparisoned with funereal nettings, and the animals of the same color were utilized in the drawing of the carriages containing the mourners. The casket in which the deceased rested was covered with gray cloth.

The pall-bearers were William Lane, F. A. Sherrott, J. E. Fraser, Henry H. McGowan, Robert Forgie, Brady Martin.

J. J. LERRI'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of J. J. Lerri occupied the west side of Broadway and was preceded by several representatives of the National and Live Oak lodge No. 17, K. of P., of both of which Mr. Lerri was a member.

Among those of the latter lodge present were John Sloan, C. H. Lewis, J. P. Hosmer, H. Maddern, C. Brionis, D. V. Gelder, A. G. Leroy, J. A. Baumer, Dr. Fisher, A. Jonas, D. Magnes, F. B. Larmer, L. Vader, C. F. Harrington, N. Steinhardt, H. A. Holland, W. H. Blake, Joseph Harris, George Samuels.

The pall-bearers were B. Litzenstein, Henry Kaufman, Frank B. Gibson and Charles McCauley, representing the National Union, and William Watkinson and V. Chloupek, representing the Knights of Pythias.

WOODSUM'S ESCORT.

The high esteem in which George C. Woodsum was held by his fellow men, and the sorrow filling their hearts by reason of his tragic death, were certainly evidenced by the vast concourse of friends who assembled to pay tribute by their presence to the memory of the departed one. All of the town officials of Berkeley, as well as two fraternal organizations, the Volunteer Firemen, and the Alameda county officials formed in line to join publicly in the expression of sorrow and sympathy that to-day rises from the heart of every citizen. None of his townsmen were loth to do him reverence.

The funeral cortege organized on lower Broadway, in front of the Hall of Records. It took position on the extreme right of the highway and maintained it during the entire course. In the van was a band of county officials a hundred strong. The town officials pursued, and immediately following marched the Berkeley Order of Odd Fellows No. 270, while behind them the Berkeley Woodmen and Volunteer Firemen. With the mourning insignia and crape fringed flags unfurled, the marching body of mourners presented an impressive sight.

On every hand the street was thronged with sad spectators who, as the funeral train advanced bared their heads out of respect. There was silence throughout the ranks and a sympathetic silence also among the lookers-on as the marching body passed along on its sad mission. The usual words of eulogy were unheard, but they were expressed by the very action of the friends assembled.

The casket containing the remains was borne by a team of beautiful blacks.

Hacks carried the immediate family circle and intimate friends. These were followed by the Alameda county officials, who preceded in turn the Berkeley organization. The widow, a brother, the mother and two small children of the deceased constituted the relatives in attendance upon the funeral obsequies. The pall-bearers chosen, two from each of the three organizations to which the decedent belonged, were as follows: George H. Thompson and George Warster from the Odd Fellows, William P. Grant and George Bush from the Fire Department.

(Continued on Page 2.)

ANDERSON READY TO STORM MANILA

California Troops Now Within Two Miles of the Spanish Lines and Lead the Advance on the Doomed City.

NEW YORK, July 22.—A special to the Journal, dated Cavite, July 19, via Hong Kong July 22, says:

The entire regiment of First California volunteers advanced today to Janbo, only two miles from the Spanish lines surrounding Manila.

The California troops have been thrown out by General Anderson to form the advance of the attacking force. The south of Manila is to be captured. The Colorado and Utah batteries are being landed at Parangua, directly from the ships. The Tenth Pennsylvania volunteers, with the rest of the artillery, will land at Malabon, just north of Manila.

Brigadier-General F. V. Green, formerly colonel of the Seventy-first regiment of New York, is in command of the advance. General Anderson remaining in Cavite.

AGUINALDO'S BIG HEAD.

HONG KONG, July 22.—Letters received here from Cavite, dated July 19, say the insurgents have been repulsed near Malaitao, and, that they are now making less progress. There is also said to be much dissension among them, owing to alleged bribery upon the part of priests.

Aguinaldo, it is further said, refuses to be subordinated to the United States. He does not seem to realize his position, as evidenced by his appointment of a cabinet, his declaration of independence and the formal hoisting of the insurgent flag.

About 1,500 Americans, it also appears from the letter from Cavite, have been landed half way between Manila and Cavite, and the United States cruiser Boston has gone to support them in case of an emergency.

GENERAL WOOD NOW GOVERNOR OF SANTIAGO.

Garcia is Still Preparing to Fight, Despite His Recent Secession From Shafter.

PLAYA DEL ESTE, Santiago de Cuba, July 21.—General Wood of the Rough Riders was appointed Military Governor of Santiago yesterday, succeeding General McKibben, who returns to his old duty, and who is on the sick list. Squads of natives were sent to-day to clean the streets and bury the dogs and horses whose remains have been lying in the streets for days and weeks. Other steps to improve the sanitary condition of the city are being taken.

The French cruiser Rigault de Genouilly arrived here this afternoon with supplies for the relief of the French citizens of Santiago. A large exodus of Cubans is expected in the next few days, as they are returning to the cultivation of the country, that work being the chief source of the wealth of the island.

The greater part of Garcia's army leaves her at daybreak to-morrow.

The Danish steamer Bratton, the first vessel outside of the Government and the Red Cross ships to enter this port with provisions, arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning, having on board A. P. Azovodo, the owner of her cargo, who went to General Shafter's headquarters to inquire about the customs duties. He was told he must pay full duty on foreign produce under a foreign flag at the rates in force under the Spanish regime. This brings the duty on the Bratton's flour to $4, plus ten per cent per barrel, and the duty on other goods is in proportion. It is not known whether a bounty will be allowed on American bottoms. General Shafter for the present limiting himself to the statement that the duties will be assessed on the same basis as the Spanish tariff.

Notwithstanding General Garcia's bitter complaint that he has been ignored, and that the restoration of the Spanish civil authority in the city of Santiago was most offensive to him, and that in consequence of this he had been forced to tender his resignation as a General in the Cuban army, he is going on with his preparations for a contest with the Spanish forces at Holguin and Manzanillo, quite as though nothing had happened.

To-morrow, General Garcia will issue a decree authorizing all Cubans who have been driven from their plantations and country homes by the Spaniards, and who have taken refuge for safety in the cities and towns, to return to the country and go to work on their farms and plantations, assuring them of the protection of his forces. He has added like permission to those in his ranks who were recruited from the farm lands, and who were employed in the fields at the outbreak of the war.

Altogether it must be confessed that General Garcia's attitude is inexplicable. His permission to the men in his ranks to go back to work on the farms is construed to mean an effort to disband his forces. But this may not be altogether justified. It is certain a great many of them will continue to fight.

WILL GEN. MILES NEVER GET AWAY?

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The War Department today received a telegram from General Miles showing that on Thursday at 7 P. M. he was still at Guantanamo. It follows:

"PLAYA DEL ESTE, 7 P. M.—Secretary of War: The following troops are with me aboard the transports in Guantanamo harbor en route to Porto Rico: Four light batteries of the Third and the Fourth Artillery; Lonie's Battery B, artillery, the Sixth Illinois, the Sixth Massachusetts, 225 recruits of the Sixth Corps, sixty men of the Signal Corps and seventy of the Hospital Corps; 3,145 men all told.

"MILES."

PASSED MOLE ST. NICHOLAS.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The War Department has received the following, time, 1:15 P. M., today:

"MOLE ST. NICHOLAS—Secretary of War, Washington: Am disappointed in non-arrival of Colonel Becker with construction corps. Colonel Black arrived without snag boats and lighters. Please send at least four strong sea-going lighters and tugs; also General Stone's boat at Jacksonville, if not already sent, as soon as possible. Moving along well.

"MILES."

MAKE-UP OF THE BATTERIES.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The four light batteries to which General Miles refers in his dispatch are C and F of the Third Artillery and E and F of the Fourth. The Sixth Massachusetts and the Sixth Illinois regiments are a portion of General Garretson's brigade. The Eighth Ohio regiment, also belonging to General Garretson's brigade, was landed in Cuba, and in accordance with the decision of the department not to send to Porto Rico any of the troops which took part in the operations connected with the Santiago campaign, the organization was left behind.

The time, 7:23 P. M., in the bulletin issued by the Adjutant-General's office, is that at which the dispatch was received from General Miles in Washington, and does not indicate the time at which it was sent by him.

ANOTHER SPANISH CRUISER DESTROYED

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The following message has been received at the Navy Department:

"PLAYA DEL ESTE, July 22.—Expedition to Nipe has been entirely successful, although the mines had not been removed for want of time. The Spanish cruiser Jorge Juan, defending the place, was destroyed without loss on our part. The Annapolis and Wasp afterwards proceeded from Nipe to assist in the landing of the commanding general of the army on arrival at Porto Rico.

(Signed) "SAMPSON."

TROOPS FOR MANILA BOARD THE RIO TODAY

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The troops going to Manila on the transport Rio Janeiro left Camp Merritt today and marched to that vessel. The soldiers were given an ovation as they passed through the city's streets on the way to the dock. The Rio will carry two battalions of the First South Dakota Infantry, recruits of the Utah light artillery, fifty-three men of the Signal Corps and others attached to Brigadier General H. G. Otis' headquarters—in all fifty-three officers 846 enlisted men and ten civilians. Brigadier General Otis will command the expedition.

AGUINALDO DECLARES HIMSELF A DICTATOR.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The following cablegram has just been received at the War Department:

"HONG KONG, July 22.—Secretary of the Navy: Following is for the Secretary of War, to the Adjutant General. Aguinaldo declares dictatorship and martial law over all the islands. The people expect independence. Recommend China ponies.

"(Signed.) ANDERSON."

Colonel Anderson was the senior army officer at the Philippines. The dispatch was sent, probably several days before the Hong Kong date. The reference to China ponies means that Colonel Anderson desires that kind of cavalry animals.

BROOKE SAILS TOMORROW.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 22.—General R. Brooke and his staff leave camp Thomas for Newport News thence to Porto Rico, tomorrow. The regiments to go from here to Porto Rico have been decided upon, but the list has not yet been published.

ALL TROOPS TO LEAVE TAMPA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—General Coppinger, commanding the Fourth Army Corps at Tampa, has reported to the War Department that good progress has been made in the movement of troops from that place to Ferdinand. The Thirty-second Michigan Volunteer Infantry has already gone, and other regiments will be moved at the rate of two a day until the movement is complete.

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WITH PUBLIC HONORS THE HEROIC DEAD ARE BORNE TO THE TOMB.

(Continued from page 1.)

E. L. Turner and E. J. Little from the Woodmen.

IMPRESSIVE SERVICES AT THE CHURCH.

The services at the church were marked with the same deep regret and sorrow that was noticeable when the solemn funeral cortege passed through the city.

Above the bells rang out the mournful death knell, the sound that bore aloft the grief of human hearts. Within the church there was a silence broken only by the sound of stifled sobbing and the sad strains of the organ. Long before the appointed hour the church began to be filled. Hundreds lined the streets and waited at the door. Five minutes after the doors were opened the church was filled, and still the multitude in the street grew. It was impossible for the church to hold them or even to attempt to.

The cortege moved very slowly into the church. The guard of honor from the police force marched in and took up places at the right. The Odd Fellows in the regalia of their order occupied seats on the right center. The county officials took seats in the rear of the mourners, who sat in the main part of the church.

The pall bearers first brought in the remains of Charles White. The gray casket was covered with roses and lilies, placed by the wife who is now a widow and the mother who has lost her boy. As the casket was borne down the east aisle, along the west aisle was borne the casket containing the remains of Deputy Sheriff J. J. Lerri. Over the casket was placed the American flag, the flag he loved and honored in life. Down the east aisle came another procession, bearing another casket, and in its was the remains of George Woodsum. The polished surface of the casket reflected the deep red insignia of the order of which he was a member.

In the midst of the flowers the four caskets were rested. At the right stood a scroll with the design of a deputy sheriff's badge upon it. A red cross was placed at the foot of the casket of Charles White. This was a gift from Mrs. Leslie, a home missionary, who had worked with Mr. White in aiding and uplifting the prisoners in the county jail. Other pieces placed on Mr. White's casket included a star, of which flowers from Mr. and Mrs. James McDonald, and a wreath of white jasmine from Mr. and Mrs. James McDonald.

At the head of the casket containing the remains of J. J. Lerri was an exquisite standard of roses and lilies and a pillow embroidered with purple immortelles and the words "Our Brave Father Laid to Rest."

The funeral services were simple, but it was the vast gathering of mourners, sincere in their grief, that showed the love that had followed the brave men even to the grave. There were few dry eyes in the church when the caskets were brought in and the pitiful sobbing of the little fatherless daughter of Mr. Lerri made the sense of sorrow and of desolation more poignant.

As the last notes of the funeral dirge sounded the choir of the First Congregational Church sang "Lead, Kindly Light." A. M. Benham directed the choir and the singers included Miss Williams, Mrs. Benham, Miss Thomas, Mrs. Hathaway, Miss Knowlton, Miss Farwell, Miss Hagel, Miss Newsom, Messrs. Snow, Taylor, Verbeck, Hinsdale, Griswold, Thomas, Collins.

Rev. C. R. Brown gave a brief invocation and then Rev. C. [illegible] Hill of the Tenth avenue Baptist [illegible]urch prayed for peace for the griev[illegible]rts for the bereaved and disconsolate.

The Masonic quartette, consisting of Ben Clark, Horace Bothcld, George Carleton and Harry Melvin, sang, "Beyond the Smiling and the Weeping."

Rev. Dr. Pierce of Berkeley gave the first address. It was eloquent of the fervent belief in the life of duty.

"It was that you and I might be safe that these men have laid down their lives," said he. "They gave their lives for duty. No man can do more. I cannot tell how this affects me personally, but you know how the death of these brave men has touched the great heart of the people."

"Sorrow has united us all today,' said Dr. Dille. "It has wiped away all differences of sects, of opinions and of caste. These noble fellows gave all they had to give, and surely God will acknowledge our obligations to them."

Dr. Dille then referred to the men who had gone forth to their death with the blessings of their dear ones. "These men belong not to their immediate families alone. They belong to us and to the world. It is such men as these who leave a legacy more precious than all gold. They have done their duty and have died for it. No man can do more."

"Their death," continued Dr. Dille, "shocked the whole city. We mortals call it a premature death but perhaps we are all wrong. God knows best and certainly no man could leave a more precious memory than these men have left."

Dr. Dille likened the dead to Dewey in their heroism and in their devotion to duty. He closed his remarks with a few words of personal consolation to the bereaved family.

EULOGY FOR THE DEAD.

Rev. Dr. E. S. Chapman then delivered the following address:

"Neighbors and Friends:—In all the history of our city such a scene as this was never before witnessed. No funeral train was so vast; so thoroughly representative of all classes of society, and so truly and deeply sympathetic, ever before blocked our streets and taxed to its utmost our largest auditorium. A church altar so crowded with somber caskets all enswathed and bedecked by floral tributes of love and esteem has been heretofore unknown. All this is but a small fraction of that larger concourse made up of every true heart in our country and all in spirit present here today. There is a deep significance in all this solemn and impressive pageantry. It means more than an ordinary tribute of regard for the recently departed. It is not the mere we pay to what is known as worldly greatness. We have not met to sound the praises of those who have attained great eminence in fields of learning or of state craft or on the field of battle, or of those who have been favored with large natural endowments. Our fallen brothers were plain, common men like ourselves. And yet we bow in reverence in the presence of their silent remains today, and honor them with our tributes of appreciation and esteem. It is our tribute of regard for true, manly courage.

'A brave man is not he who feels no fear,
For that were stupid and irrational.
But he whose noble soul its fear subdues
And bravely beans the danger nature shrinks from.'

"Our fallen brothers were each an embodiment of such manly courage. They knew and appreciated the danger which confronted them. They were not unmindful of it; they were not indifferent to it. They realized it in all its unwelcome aspects, and yet they, faced the peril with nerves of steel and hearts that would not shrink. But that courage shines with a brighter glow when we remember that it was exercised in unfaltering fidelity to a sacred public trust. Into the hands of these men we committed the interests of human society. It was theirs at every sacrifice and in the face of every danger, to ferret out and bring to just and righteous judgment all whose character and deeds endangered the peace and security of the community. They recognized the sacredness of that trust, and at the peril and even the sacrifice of their lives they were unfalteringly faithful. 'A public office is a public trust' are the great words of a great American statesman. It seems so easy for many in these days to forget this truth, and, when exalted to high stations and made the custodians of great public interests, to consult their own selfish ends at the sacrifice of public trust. A true and faithful public official is entitled to the profound admiration and esteem and confidence of all his fellow men. Nowhere does manhood shine with a brighter lustre than in the faithful public official. God give us men, men whom the lust of office will not kill; men whom the spoils of office cannot buy; men who possess opinions and a will; men of honor; men who will not lie.

No nobler character adorns the pages of human history than the grand old Nehemiah, who, in recounting the corruptions which characterized his predecessors in office, dared to say, 'But so did not I.' We cannot too highly extol such a character. We cannot make too much of official faithfulness. We cannot too loudly or too continually sound the praises of men who forget not the sacredness of the trust committed to them when placed in public office. Especially is this true of those who are in stations as those occupied by our fallen brothers. The perils from which they defend human society are so great and the dangers are so constant and fearful, that fidelity upon their part is peculiarly entitled to commendation. It was because they would not shrink from duty, because they would not be unfaithful to the trust committed to them, because they would not permit crimes to go unpunished, that they imperiled and sacrificed their precious lives. Let us in this solemn presence today reverently uncover in remembrance of this truth; and let this characteristic of their conduct shine out before us in all its brightness and beauty, and remaining ever in our memory as we think of those whose tragic end we so deeply deplore. Let us cast these tributes of our regard upon these caskets and new made graves on this memorable day, and let us commend the example of our fallen brothers to all their surviving associates in office and to all who aspire to positions of public trust and influence. Let us enthrone this spirit of fidelity in all our hearts, and let us rise to the level of men who will not falter in the discharge of duty, how great may be the peril which confronts them. Let us cultivate this spirit in all the rising generation.

"It is in the exalted manhood of a Nation that its security is found.
'What constitutes a State?
Not high raised battlements or labored mound;
Thick walls or moted gate;
Not cities proud with spires or turret crowned;
Not bays nor broad armed ports where laughing at the storm rich navies ride;
These do not constitute a State.
But men, high-minded men;
Men who have powers as far above dull brutes
As beasts excel cold rocks or brambles rude.
This constitutes a State.'

"We pay our tribute of regard to the courageous, manly fidelity of our fallen brothers, and commend their heroic example to all who may come after them. What a lesson do we here learn respecting the terrible price at which our peace and security are purchased. In the mad act of this Mongolian maniac, we see an illustration of the perils with which the interests of human society are constantly assailed; and in the red glare of this early morning explosion, we read the story of the perpetual peril which besets the guardians of our security and peace. We are too wont to overlook or forget these things. We sleep securely on the ocean steamer, unmindful of the man on guard whose constant vigil secures us from the perils that environ our way as we pass on securely over rugged rocks where, lean and gaunt, death leers beneath the glassy sea. We ride securely on the flying train, rocked to sweet repose by its rapid movements, forgetful of the man whose eye constantly rests on the shining track through all the weary watches of the night. We rest securely in our homes and rejoice in the value of our possessions, too often indifferent to the dangers which confront the men whom we have placed on guard, and by whose unfaltering fidelity in the midst of every peril, our interests are kept in security.

"This tragedy even has awakened us to something of a realization of our own dangers, the perils which beset those who sentinel our interests and the fearful sacrifices which are sometimes made for our advantage. And here again we stand in the presence of a most striking illustration of the great law of vicarious sacrifice and death. In all the works and Word of God, this one great truth stands out like a towering mountain in the midst of all the landscape. In nature, in revelation and in grace, in the vegetable and animal kingdoms, and in the human race, this law is ever and ever more illustrated. One toils that another may rest. One suffers that another may be at ease. One dies that another may live. These mutilated manly forms in this solemn presence are illustrations of this great law. How profoundly should we reverence those who paid this full measure of devotion that we may profit by it. How should we cherish their memory. How highly we should esteem their struggles, sacrifices and achievements. How should we enthrone them in our heart's affection and canonize them in all our memory and love. How should this thought lift us to the One, the fairest among ten thousand, the One altogether lovely, who was wounded for our transgressions, who was bruised for our iniquities, while the chastisement of our peace was upon him, and with his stripes we are healed. If we should love and esteem those whose sufferings and sacrifices have been effective for our interests, how should we magnify and adore and extol the name of Him who hath borne our sorrows and carried our griefs; though we did esteem his stricken, smitten of God and afflicted. And how all these services today, and all these tributes of regard illustrate to us that high and holy attitude of adoration and worship which should characterize us in our relation to the Author of our being, the giver of every good and perfect gift, and the One who is merciful and gracious, slow to anger and plenteous in mercy, who, like as a father, pitieth His children and beareth with their infirmities.

"As we reverence and esteem and pay our tribute of regard to our fallen brothers for their noble characteristics and unstinted sacrifice, how should we adore and worship and bow in profound reverence before Him, the Giver of all good, the only true hope of every human heart. Dearly beloved, let us pause for a moment at this impressive juncture to raise in our minds the question by which the wise man of old voiced the yearning inquiry of every human heart. 'In hours of bereavement and sorrow man dieth and wasteth away; yea, man giveth up the ghost, and where is he?' Where is he? Where is he? From every human heart this question will arise, and we cannot silence it. It will demand a satisfactory answer. And where shall we look for such an answer? Certainly not in the book of nature. Nature is as silent at the grave as the grave itself. Nor in the book of human experience. Of all who have trod this earth and passed beyond, none have come back to tell us of the realities of another world. Experience, too, has no voice at the grave. And reason can only point with a vague, indefinite finger out into the beyond and say 'tis reasonable that there is another life. More than this reason cannot do. How dark would many scenes of life be if there were no answer to this question. But there is one book which casts the full glory of its light upon this hard question to our race. The Book of Revelation, from whose pages we read, 'Then shall the dust return to the earth as it was, and the spirit unto the God who gave it.' Into the arms and bosom of Infinite Love by authority of Divine Revelation we commit and commend our fallen loved ones. And blessed be His name who by His death and resurrection has made it possible for us to cherish the hope of immortality and eternal life."

After Dr. Chapman's address, the choir sang "Good Night, I'm Going Home."

Then the exercises closed with the benediction which was pronounced by Rev. Dr. C. R. Brown.

The people present were then allowed time to advance to the front to inspect the floral pieces before they were taken to the cemetery.

The floral mementoes given to Mr. White were distributed upon the graves of George Woodsum and J. J. Lerri, because the remains of Mr. White are to be cremated.

TO THE GRAVE.

When the services had been concluded in the church, the funeral was re-formed and moved on Twelfth street and Broadway as far as Twenty-fourth street. There the processionists took cars and rode to Mountain View Cemetery, while the remains of Messrs. Woodsum and Lerri proceeded in the same direction.

At that intersection the White funeral came to a stand, allowed the others to pass, and after they had gone ahead, the White funeral returned to town. The remains will be cremated.



It is a hard matter to find an American home, no matter how humble, in which there is not music of some kind. It may be the music of a piano, an organ, a guitar, a banjo or simply the music of a human voice. There can be no question as to its refining influence. But there is one kind of music that is missing from tens of thousands of homes and without which no home can be thoroughly happy. It is the music of childish laughter.

A baby's prattle is the best music for the home. A baby is the only tie that can finally bind together in absolute happiness, usefulness and confidence a man and a woman. It is a cold and cheerless home that never knows the music of a baby's laughter. There are thousands of homes all over this land that were once cheerless and childless, but are to-day happy and lighted with babyhood's smile, that bless Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the best of all medicines for women who suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organs. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs, giving them health, strength, vigor and elasticity. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain, stops debilitating drains and tones the nerves. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. It rids maternity of its perils. It banishes the qualms of the expectant period and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It insures the child's health and an ample supply of nourishment. It is the discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce, an eminent and skillful specialist, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. All good druggists sell it.

Miss Edith Cain, of Clinton, Allegheny Co., Pa., writes: "I take pleasure in expressing my faith in your 'Favorite Prescription.' After two years of suffering I began taking Dr. Pierce's medicine and now I am entirely cured. I had been troubled with female weakness for some time and also with a troublesome drain on the system, but now I am happy and well. I will cheerfully recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to all invalid ladies."

Dr. Pierce's Pelles cure constipation.

BID SORROWFUL ADIEU TO THE HONORED DEAD.

Among those noticed at the funeral were J. A. Macdonald, John Barnett, Robert Boyer, A. K. Grim, Denis Holland, M. Isaacs, S. Ruhel, F. K. Mott, Joseph Lamidtree, C. Page, William Kent, William Hawley, John Cronin, Judge Clift, Joseph Harris, Major Bromley, James Smith, Judge Wood, F. D. Fry, J. J. McCarthy, D. Bortrer, Fred Sinclair, T. T. Harlow, F. J Gregory, W. S. O'Brien, Richard Ayer, J. A. Jones, P. M. Fisher, F. M. Farwell, I. J. Boak, Eugene Van Court, W. E. Dargie, A. J. Breiling, George Schmidt.

The county officials turned out in large numbers. County Recorder Spear, County Clerk Jordan, County Assessor Dalton, County Tax Collector Barber, County Auditor Whidden, and County Treasurer Sanford were in the front ranks. W. H. Knight, Clerk Mock, John Robinson, Deputy Assessor Robinson, R. J. Boyer, Deputy Sheriff Manning, William L. Hynes, Deputy Sheriff Smith, F. J. Adams, J. Cal Ewing, I. D. Tobin, W. J. Keating, John W. Stetson, Carlton J. Greene, Frank Thompson, C. L. Darneal, C. L. Snook, W. L. Milton, Deputy Herbert, W. S. Harlow, David Sinclair, Frank Mason.

The following are some of those present at the services:

Mayor W. R. Thomas, H. W. Thomas, Harry Melvin, George B. Smith, J. W. Wells, A. Peterson, Fred Wass, Angus Wielander, L. S. Rogers, F. L. Ryan, Geo. C. Hunt, D. A. Sinclair, H. V. Herbert, W. L. Harlow, J. M. Robinson, Major E. W. Woodward, J. C. Little, Geo. Pierce, Howard Emerson, Deputy Clerk Robinson, Superior Judges Ellsworth, Green and Hall, W. H. L. Hynes, Frank Barnett, Fred Moore, Eugene Van Court, F. J. Gregory, T. T. Dargie, W. E. Dargie, Chas. F. Ott, H. S. Pugh, O. J. Muller, Rev. H. L. Dietz, Rev. L. McDonald, J. H. Storey, A. J. Breiling, Chas. Ruppricht, Geo. Schmidt, B. Wright, T. F. Mock, Wm. N. Van De Mark, Henry N. Tum Suden, Jno. A. Walker, Philo Mills, D. M. Boolman, C. F. Weldon, A. S. Wilkins, H. F. Patterson, J. J. Manning, W. D. Goodwin, G. W. Farrington, Wm. Keating, Wright, W. C. Moran, W. E. Wallace, Judge F. C. Clift, Supervisors Talcott, Wells, and Church, Chas. E. Snook, Mrs. L. Hilty, Mrs. B. E. Gordon, Miss Emma Boscoe, Mrs. C. Cameron, Mrs. M. Macdonald, R. H. Fallmer, Misses Clara and Louise Fallmer, Mrs. Sarah Boscoe, Mrs. Geo. Boscoe, Mrs. L. Fink, A. L. Addison, Mrs. R. F. Fleming, F. L. Seavier, H. C. Anderson, M. Bock, J. D. Tyler, J. H. Woods, Mrs. F. Brown, Mrs. M. Mower, Henry Malcon, Mrs. Wm. Langstaff, Attorney Peter Crosby, W. H. O'Brien, Judge Clift, and thousands of others.

The following Berkeley officials followed the hearse containing the remains of Gorge Woodsum: M. L. Hanscom, Town Clerk; J. W. Richards, President of the Board of Trustees; Dr. H. F. Rowell, Health Officer; John Squires, Town Treasurer; Guy H. Chick, Superintendent of Streets; Richard Lloyd, Town Marshal; W. K. Wier, Town Trustee.

Among the Odd Fellows were: G. H. Stricker, A. H. Breed, Phil Sheridar, E. P. Bull, William Ellis, J. H. Pope, E. J. Pullem, F. Thompson, John Straightiff, John Striker, Joseph Chapple, Samuel Wilkes, Pascon Davis, F. Holtzer, C. W. Davis, S. E. Jacobsen, Jacob Baural, James Gordon, R. Myers, Roger Pries, L. Menhert, J. N. Jacobsen, J. I. Kohn, F. Graves, W. R. Stamper, G. L. Mehr, C. I. Kerns, E. J. Gordon, Robert Graig, George C. Pape, H. C. Kidder, G. A. Schuster, S. V. Nichols, Thomas Stevenson, M. Kuhrken, P. K. Ryns, George L. Wilcox, H. W. Halkop, H. Dirchsen, W. B. Chase, E. Land, H. R. Sorensen, James Davis, William H. Guizman, T. G. Brotherton, L. L. Stern, Dr. J. G. Jessup and E. H. Duggs.

Following are the Woodmen who joined in the march: W. H. Driggs, H. Lagan, J. C. Aitken, L. W. Foss, D. H. Frye, M. Mikkelson, A. V. Stubenbauch, J. D. Layman, C. L. Turner, J. E. Little, S. Taylor and W. H. Waste.

In honor to their late companion the members of the Volunteer Fire Department of Berkeley, led by Chief James Kenney, turned out in full force. Among them were: Alfred Tobin, A. L. Ott, Geo. C. Bush, F. W. Lockyer, B. Curran, Louis Bush, H. Brown, John Thompson, C. Cain, James Robinson, George Thompson, W. P. Grant, George M. Gropp, A. Patterson, D. G. Madden, W. C. Graham, W. J. Powell, Otto Neihaus, C. A. Gregory and John Harney.

FLORAL TRIBUTES.

Exceptionally beautiful were the floral offerings sent as a last tribute to the brave men. The church was a bower of beauty. Palms and tropical plants filled the choir loft and banked the pulpit. There was no vestige of the gloomy funeral colors in the brilliant flowers which covered the remains of the sleeping heroes. Tall lilies were the sentinels at guard at the head of the casket, and roses made the air heavy with their perfume.

Occupying a prominent position was the magnificent floral piece sent by the county officials. It was in the form of an open scroll and was ten feet high and six feet wide. On this rolls of honor were woven in purple immortelles the following words: "Brave and True. C. M. White, G. C. Woodsum, D. C. Cameron, J. J. Lerri, Gus Koch."

The scroll was formed of a background of white carnations and the open portion was laced with Scotch pinks and ferns. Cecil Bruner roses and maiden-hair ferns punctuated the space between the names. The top of the scroll was fringed with the golden-banded lily of Japan and asparagus fern. On the side of the scroll was a lacework of pink Japan lilies, golden banded lilies, bride roses, and asparagus fern.

Live Oak Lodge No. 17, Knights of Pythias, of which J. J. Lerri was a member, remembered their comrade with a handsome floral piece. It consisted of a shield, three feet wide and bearing the emblem of the Knights of Pythias. The emblem was wrought in the colors of the order, yellow roses, blue cornflowers, and red carnations against a background of white immortelles. On the base of the shield was the name, "J. J. Lerri," in purple immortelles.

The Berkeley lodge of the Woodmen of the World sent a pillow in memory of George Woodsum. The pillow was of roses and lilies and the name of the Deputy Sheriff was wrought in immortelles.

A. Lesber sent a pillow of white pinks, lilies and sweet peas with the one word, "Joe," worked in purple immortelles to lay on the bier of this former business associate, J. J. Lerri.

As a token of sorrow for the loss of George Woodsum, who was a member of the club, the California Yacht Club sent a standard of flowers. The standard bore the pennant of the club in red carnations with a star of jasmine and cornflowers. The whole was bordered by maiden-hair fern.

A broken column was the mute token of the sorrow of the deputies under Sheriff White. The column was of La France roses with jasmine and maiden-hair fern with a silvery frosting of delicate gipsy blossom.

A. K. Grim sent a star of La France roses on a delicate standard of flowers.

The Oakland lodge of Odd Fellows sent a handsome pillow of roses, smilax and ferns.

The Berkeley lodge of Odd Fellows sent a floral easel with the letters "G. W." wrought in roses. At the base of the easel was the floral badge of the order, the three links, in red, white and blue flowers.

A pillow of breath of heaven, bedecked with pure white roses, was sent by Miss Hattie E. Macdonald, matron of the Receiving Hospital.

A shield representing a deputy sheriff's badge in white pinks trimmed with an assortment of ferns and varied flowers artistically arranged, the lettering denoting rank of the deceased, being worked in purple immortelles, was sent by the Oakland Tribune. The design was excellently arranged by P. J. Keller.

Careful Washing

adds life to your collars, cuffs and shirts. You know how poor laundries treat clothes —are you tired of it?

THE OAKLAND LAUNDRY CO.

690 Twenty-Ninth Street.

Tel. 816.

Concert To-morrow Night

KAHN BROS.

Flags Given Away Dollar Purchase Takes One

Half a Dollar in Pocket

is worth one in the bank—provided you come to our great HALF-PRICE SALE this and next week. To make the story short, we have determined to unload our surplus stock before arrival of fall stock, and in order to make it go fast we have cut the price of many goods to half-price and less. Are you interested in saving money?

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT



Sweeping reductions throughout this department, all Dress Goods, colored and mixtures, offered as follows:

Choice of Dress Goods marked 50c, now.....36c yard
Choice of Dress Goods marked 75c, now.....54c yard
Choice of Dress Goods marked 85c, now.....61c yard
Choice of Dress Goods marked $1.00, now.....69c yard
Choice of Dress Goods marked $1.25, now.....89c yard
Choice of Dress Goods marked $1.50, now...$1.11 yard
Choice of Dress Goods marked $1.75, now...$1.14 yard
Choice of Dress Goods marked $2.00, now...$1.27 yard



DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Lines that are broken, assortment incomplete, but still a good selection on hand.

45c French Organdie, now..27½c
50c colored dotted Swiss, now.....29c
35c Lappelte, now.....17½c
35c Grenadine, now.....21c
50c Linen Stripe, now.....24c
40c Linen dotted Swiss.....27½c
60c Silk Stripe.....33c
25c Dimities.....19c
50c Manilla Suitings.....29c

Extra Special, Crinkled Seersucker, usual 12½c value, now on sale.....7c

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT



A general reduction throughout the entire line.

Any trimmed Hat at one-half marked prices.

Sailor Hats at more than one-third off.

Children's Sailors at more than one-third off.

Flowers at about one-half marked prices.

Untrimmed shapes—tables full of them at figures to clear them out; cost cuts no figure; for they will be worth less money next season.

Flowers—Fully a thousand bunches, some crushed, others shop-worn, *none* fresh; values as high as $2.00 and down to a quarter. Choice at 9c.

A FEW SPECIAL ITEMS

Belts—Leather and silk, values up to forty cents, choice.....19c
Ties—Colored Tecks, values up to half dollar, 3 for 25c
Bows—White Lawn, red and blue stripe edge.....5c
Hat Pins—Military button and flag finish.....3c
Handkerchiefs—Men's initial, value dollar-fifty dozen, now.....each 9c
Handkerchiefs—Ladies' initial, value dollar dozen, now.....each 5c
Plustrons—Colors only, value thirty-five cents, now.....3 for 25c
Side Combs—Assorted styles, values up to forty cents, now.....15c
Ladies' Waists—This season's goods at about half-price

Excellent Musical Program To-morrow Night

KAHN BROS.

Agents for Standard Patterns and Publications. Cordette, the New Lining.

"THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE"

N. E. Cor. Twelfth and Washington Sts., Oakland

NOMINATED LIEUT. LIND FOR GOVERNOR.

Fusion Forces in Minnesota Go To the Army For a Candidate.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 22.—Lieutenant John Lind, Quartermaster of the Twelfth Minnesota volunteers, now at Chickamauga, has formerly accepted the nomination for Governor tendered him by the Democrats, Silver Republicans and Populists. His letter does not discuss politics, nor does he say whether he will return to the State to take part in the campaign. It is believed he will stay with his regiment. Lieutenant Lind was formerly a Republican Congressman from the old Twenty-second Minnesota District and two years ago was the candidate of the fusion forces for Governor, being again nominated this year without opposition.

TALKED WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The German Ambassador, Dr. Van Holleben, had a half-hour's conference with the President at the White House to-day. The Associated Press can state positively and authoritatively that the call had no reference to the Philippines, to peace negotiations nor to any matter connected with the war.

DEATH PUTS AN END TO HIS TROUBLES.

Orrin S. Dunham is Found Dead at His Home.

Orrin S. Dunham, an old resident of this city, was found dead in his late residence, 707 Franklin street, to-day.

Last Sunday night deceased sat on his front porch till near midnight, and had not been seen about the place since. Thinking the old man might be sick, Bell Aloes, a young lady who lives next door, sent a boy to investigate, and when the boy opened the door he discovered the body of the old man lying against the bed as though he had been about to retire when he answered the last call. The Coroner was notified at once and the body removed to the Morgue.

Dunham was about 80 years old and a great many people considered him a fit subject for an asylum, but as he was harmless and disturbed no one, he was allowed to remain in the house he had occupied for over forty years.

He had had a great deal of trouble, and a short time ago a mortgage was foreclosed upon his place on Franklin street.

One of the peculiarities of deceased was his dress. He very seldom left his own yard, but was often seen inside with a woman's cloak thrown over his shoulders and fastened at the throat with a padlock and chain. He allowed no one to enter his home and talked very little to any one, living the life of a hermit and at last dying alone and unattended.

He went next door to the Aloes home every day for drinking water and occasionally talked to them about his family affairs. He said he at one time had considerable property but it was all gone now. He was a printer by trade but had not worked at that business for years, owing to his age and enfeebled condition. He leaves two sons and two daughters.

COUNTY OFFICIALS ADOPT RESOLUTIONS.

The county officials have united in the adoption of the following resolutions:

"Whereas, Our esteemed and respected friends, associates and fellow officers, Charles M. White, D. C. Cameron, George C. Woodsum, G. A. Koch and J. J. Lerri, have been removed from our midst by a most sudden and awful death while in the courageous discharge of their duties; and

"Whereas, Through a most intimate acquaintance with the deceased, we had come to admire them, not only for their manly courage and fearless and faithful discharge of their official duties, but also for their kindly, courteous and gentlemanly conduct in their social and business relations with all who had occasion to meet them.

"Therefore be it Resolved, By us, the county officers of the county of Alameda, now assembled in respect and honor to the memory of the deceased, that we hereby extend to the families of each of the deceased, and especially to Sheriff Calvin B. White, our sincere and heartfelt sympathy for them in this occasion of grief and affliction, and that we do take this occasion to bear evidence how much we, each and all of us, mourn the untimely and heartrending end of men who were held in the highest regard and esteem, both as officers and gentlemen, by all who knew them.

"Be it further Resolved, That we do attend in a body the services to be held this day over the remains of the deceased at the First Congregational Church of Oakland.

"CARLTON W. GREENE,
"O. M. SANFORD,
"J. J. HANLON JR.,
"Committee on Resolutions."

REFRIGERATORS



are as many and varied in kind as the sands of the sea.

In one summer one of our New Refrigerators saves the cost in food it saves from spoiling. Upon its capacious shelves there is room for everything you need to have kept cool.

The Ice Chest is designed to be an economizer of ice.

Prices as low as the lowest.

—AT—

WALTER MEESE

1009-1011 Washington St.

Between 10th and 11th

Tel. Main 537.

Death of J. W. Palmer.

James W. Palmer, the well known grocer, whose place of business was at Market and Fourteenth streets, died yesterday afternoon at the family residence 814 Eighteenth street. Deceased was a native of New Jersey, aged 57 years, and had been a resident of Oakland about twelve years. The remains will be taken to Bloomfield, Sonoma county, for burial.

A Prominent Merchant.

Geo. W. Rinehart, the manager of the Great Western Tea Company at 1063 Washington street, has a thorough knowledge of the business gained by practical experience as a salesman in stores and on the road. His push, tact and integrity have made the Great Western Tea Company the most popular store in Oakland. The quality and good value of their teas and coffees are worthy the attention of customers, and Mr. Rinehart will be found to be a gentlemanly, conscientious and courteous merchant by those who patronize him.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New Style, Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. We give "green trading stamps." 462-464 Thirteenth street.

DIED.

WADE—In this city, July 21, 1898, Dora A., beloved wife of Ben L. Wade and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Brown of Minneapolis, Minn., aged 29 years, 8 months and 11 days.

Notice of funeral in morning papers. (Minneapolis papers please copy.)

Tribune Classified

Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.

Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.

One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month.....50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

½c per word for 1 insertion.
1c per word for 3 insertions.
2c per word for 6 insertions.

For discounts on term contracts, address ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

CASTRO'S TAMALES are first class; furnished banquets and lodges. 617 San Pablo ave.

FURNITURE WANTED — We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1511-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers, Tel. red-422.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

THE BEST furnished and cheapest rooms in town; scrupulously clean; baths; elevator. Brunswick Hotel.

ONE FURNISHED and one unfurnished room in the new, sunny building at 400 Thirteenth, cor. Franklin st.

SUNNY front rooms; can be arranged for housekeeping; single rooms $1 up. 809 Washington st.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM with dressing room; good board; first class location; for one or two persons; special rates for two persons. 1356 Harrison st.

TWO NICE front rooms for light housekeeping; from $10 up. Brunswick Hotel

FURNISHED ROOMS—One or more for housekeeping. 1119 Jefferson, opposite Metropole.

ROOMS AND OFFICES—Bath; no transients. 1055 Washington st.

FOR RENT—Large, sunny furnished room in private family. Apply at 996 West st., two blocks from Market st. station. No children.

ONE NICE large front suite; suitable for two gentlemen; very reasonable. Brunswick Hotel.

TO LET—Neatly furnished rooms at $1, $1.25 and $1.50 a week. Apply 409 9th st.

HANDSOME furnished rooms for offices; also rooms for housekeeping, with gas stoves. 1010½ Washington st. No children.

TWO large corner rooms; light housekeeping permitted. 658 Eighth st., cor. Grove.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

COTTAGES CHEAPER THAN SINGLE ROOM RENT—A chance to make a selection from our list of three to five room cottages, with or without stables; only ten minutes' ride on cars from Fourteenth st.; good neighborhood; high, healthful location; rent $5.50 to $10; city water included; don't fail to see them because they are cheap. R. J. MONTGOMERY, 1112 Broadway.

FOR RENT—Suburban residence; house nine rooms; modern conveniences; bath; laundry; good well; engine for pumping; gas machine; barn; chicken houses, etc.; four acres of ground; $10 per month. Apply to E. P. Vandercook & Co., 458 Ninth st.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED

WIDOW LADY would like two or more children to board in a good home; terms reasonable. Address 718 Eighth st., Oakland.

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—Modern cottage and lot; of five or six rooms; central location; state lowest cash price. Address P. O. box 495.

TWO ADULTS would rent a neatly furnished house or flat within one mile of narrow gauge depot, until January 1, 1899. Address H. C., 724 Turk st., San Francisco.

FLATS TO RENT.

LOWER FLOOR — Three clean, sunny rooms; separate entrance; nice grounds; central. 615 Fifteenth st.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED—Upper floor; three rooms; bath; no children; rent reasonable. 866 Castro st.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x118 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $780 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

EDUCATIONAL.

SPANISH LESSONS by native and experienced teacher. 1119 Jefferson, cor. Thirteenth.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

DRESSMAKERS.

DRESSMAKING and millinery parlors, 516 Eleventh st., rooms 1 and 2; stylish suits, $5; country orders solicited.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—Oakland Towel Co., account sickness. Apply 410 Thirteenth st., Oakland.

AN EXCELLENT opportunity to purchase an established cycle business, including the agency for a high grade wheel, bicycle material, full rental line, and repair stock, tools, etc.; in the city of Oakland; prominent location. Address A. F., box 8, this office.

FOR SALE—Half interest in undertaking and furniture business, on account of going East. Apply Robert Bleakley, 2121 Center, Berkeley.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality. Tel. 576 black-6 bells.

RELIABLE male and female help for all kinds of work, of all nationalities, furnished promptly by leaving orders with J. P. Johnston & Co., 872 Broadway, Okd.

SEAMSTRESS, fine sewer, $1 a day. 1312 Grove st.

A COMPETENT WOMAN wishes a position to work by day, and to do washing and ironing and house cleaning. Address 956 Third st.

A GERMAN GIRL wants a place for general housework and cooking; wages $20. 526 Lydia near West, bet. Twenty-first and Twenty-second sts.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 525 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 2291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; large family; no washing; wages $20. 945 Chestnut st., near Tenth.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in Golden Gate; wages $15. Call at No. 1054 First ave.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A position as electric apprentice; wages no object. Address W. W. B., box 8, this office.

AGENTS WANTED.

WAR BOOM—There never was a better time to make money from conservative investments in wheat, stocks and cotton than now; only small capital required; open correspondence with us; we will not flood you with worthless literature, but tell you how to succeed in the speculative markets. SPECIAL ADVICE sent free to correspondents. Our special advice last week made money for all who acted upon it. "THE G. W. WYLIE CO.," 11 Wall st., New York.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 25-27.

MARTIN & ROBINSON — Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 15 and 16, 921 Broadway.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 502.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law. Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public. 1003½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 906 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 88.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 3, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 461 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 554½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 59 McAllister st., corner McAllister st.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

DR. E. J. BLAIR, physician and surgeon; residence and office 567 Fourteenth st.; hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 7:30 to 9 P. M.; telephone main 156.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

JUST ARRIVED—Madame Simmons of New York, acknowledged by press and public the greatest clairvoyant and magnetic healer in the United States; past, present and future revealed; great on love and business; all who are in trouble should consult with me and I will show you a way out of your difficulty; so don't fail to see me. 906 Washington st., Denver House, rooms 1 and 2.

MRS. WEST. Trance Medium, consults on all business affairs; spiritual magnetic healer; card readings, 25c; short time only. 462 Ninth st., Henry House, room 9.

FOR EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—A first class surrey, good as new, for a first class phaeton buggy Address C. W., box 2.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 473½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 513.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

Gilt Edge Investment.—Pays 6 per cent net on the capital invested; absolutely safe; secured by first mortgage. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

GENUINE BARGAINS.

$1,500—Cottage and lot on Brush st.; six rooms and bath; high basement; cost present owner $2,500; easy terms if desired; street work all done; house in excellent condition. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$600—Fifty feet front on Twenty-second st. bet. San Pablo ave. and Market st.; street work all done; cement walks laid; easily worth $1,000; to see it is to buy it. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$180—On a macadamized street in Oakland; choice building lots for $6 per front foot; two lines of electric cars and not far from local trains; fine neighborhood; unquestionably cheapest lots in city. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$2,000—Cottage on Brush st. near Fourteenth; lot 25 feet front; house of six rooms and bath; all in good repair; east front; a bargain. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

WANTED — A piece of business property, centrally located, worth from $8,000 to $12,000, mortgaged; the owner can exchange his equity for a fine piece of residence property, clear of incumbrance. What have you to offer?

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

BARGAINS.
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BARGAINS.

$3,150—Modern flats; well located; rented $32 per month; convenient and desirable.

$850—Neat four room cottage; Peralta st., near Fourteenth st.; in first class order.

$2,500—Two story house, eight rooms; good order; rents $22.50; central location; Tenth and Grove sts.

$5,500—Cost owner $8,500; Broadway business corner; fair building; rents $25 per month; bank mortgage $3,000; on account of going East owner will exchange equity for clear real estate.

$1,100 each—Two cottages, six rooms and bath each; lot 25x100; rents $10; location south of Seventh near Grove st.

$1,400—A bargain on easy terms; $150 cash, $15 month; fine seven room cottage at Twenty-third ave. (would cost more to build); lot 37x140; being sold for the bank rather than rent it; see this.

$3,000—West st.; a modern cottage home, six rooms below and two above; well built; lot 35x100; make an offer.

$1,000—Two story seven room house and stable; lot 25x133; near Thirty-second and San Pablo ave.

$4,500—Foreclosure compels a sacrifice; corner 60x75; seven room cottage; choicest and central location; four blocks of Eleventh and Broadway; any offer considered.

$2,750—Only $750 cash, balance to bank at 8 per cent; cost owner $3,500; fine modern bay window cottage, five rooms, barn; corner lot 100x125; fronts Piedmont car line; a special bargain.

CHEAP LOTS—
$650—45x104, near Twenty-ninth and Telegraph; sacrifice.
$140—25x150; Temescal, near two car lines.
$1,000—40x100, Twenty-first near Telegraph.
$650—50x140, Thirty-second near West.
$375 each—One or two acres at Elmhurst.
$1,500—45x100, on Telegraph near Twenty-ninth st.

LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
Office and Salesrooms,
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.

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DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranteed. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES — Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — Household furniture, sewing machine, chickens, etc.; owner going East. Inquire 1615 Fruitvale ave.

FOR SALE—Fine Fischer Square Piano, $65; installments $2.50 per month. 936 Filbert st., near Tenth.

FOR SALE—Two small horses, harness and light spring wagon; cheap. Apply 570 San Pablo ave., Oakland.

FOR SALE CHEAP—First class Columbus buggy, nearly new. No. 10 Portland ave., East Oakland, junction Fourth and Fifth aves.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

$1,750—COLONIAL COTTAGE; five rooms and bath; lot 37½x100; a bargain. Address O. W. E., box 2, this office.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x141 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Card case containing pass No. 32 on Piedmont division of the Syndicate Railways. Return to Heron & Holcomb, 1050 Broadway, and receive reward.

LOST—Black purse containing small gold and silver, on Thirteenth st. bet. Jackson and Harrison. Return to S. W. cor. of Jackson and Thirteenth and receive reward.

LOST—Bull terrier; all white; one eye looks like glass. Reward by returning to 864 Thirty-fourth st.

HYPNOTISM.

HYPNOTISM—Sick subject wanted; fare paid; Thursdays. 2267 Clinton ave., cor. Oak, Alameda.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED. D. F. McDonald & Co., 468 Ninth st.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, jewelry, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc., by private party. Kings, 457 Ninth st.

HOBSON ARRIVES.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The United States cruiser St. Paul arrived here today after a run of four days from the harbor of Guantanamo, with all well on board. On arrival at quarantine the surgeon of the St. Paul presented the first bill of health from Cuba received from a United States officer since the war commenced. It was dated July 18th and signed by United States Naval Surgeon Wentworth, countersigned and indorsed by Commander McCalla of the United States cruiser Marblehead as follows:

"This harbor is used for military and naval purposes only."

Lieutenant Hobson, who took the Merrimac into the channel at Santiago, arrived on the St. Paul, and it is believed proceeds at once to Washington by way of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It is possible that Hobson is the bearer of Admiral Sampson's report of the naval engagement of Santiago.

When Hobson left a ferry boat, at the foot of Whitehall street, it took but a few moments to learn his identity, and a crowd soon gathered to cheer him.

Accompanying Lieutenant Hobson was Congressman J. W. Wadsworth of New York, who was at the surrender of Santiago, and also came as a passenger on the St. Paul.

Lieutenant Hobson said that he had inspected the wrecked Spanish warships, and he is certain that if prompt action is taken two of them, the Cristobal Colon and Maria Teresa can be saved. The Oquendo is a total wreck. The Vizcaya is not quite so bad as the Oquendo, and some of her guns may be secured.

"Should a gale spring up," added Lieutenant Hobson, "all the work of the wreckers would go for naught, and the Colon and the Teresa would be lost to us. That is why I am hurrying to Washington to explain to the officials there the necessity of making contracts at once for the raising of the warships. They doubtless will do so when they understand the situation as I can explain it."

NOTES OF THE WAR.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—It was calculated that General Miles' military expedition against Porto Rico was this morning somewhere off the northern coast of Hayti. Secretary Long says, according to his advices, the fleet of transports with the naval convoy got off at Siboney at 3:30 P. M. yesterday, and it is believed the right traveling was done at about the usual naval cruising speed in squadron of ten knots per hour. The question of convoys settled itself with the departure of the expedition, but the naval officials are still of the opinion that the convoy sent is entirely disproportionate in strength to the needs of the case, and the demands laid upon the North Atlantic fleet to supply it have interfered considerably, it is stated at the department, with the plans of the Naval War Board. This is supposed to relate to the departure of Watson's expedition. But on that point the naval officials decline to say anything further, simply pointing to the statement given out last night by Secretary Long as expressive of their views.

The War Department is still in official ignorance of the reported retirement of Garcia with his army from the American lines and the resignation of that Cuban General. It is considered a little singular that General Shafter has not made a report to the department of the case by telegraph, but he has so far shown little disposition to acquaint the department with the state of affairs at Santiago unless called upon by direct inquiry by the Secretary of War. It was not known at the department that General Wood has been created military commander of Santiago, although the fact would seem to be one of sufficient importance to justify its mention in a cable dispatch.

Regarding General Garcia's defection, it is noticeable that the officials of the War Department have a good deal of apprehension over the outlook. It is not doubted that he either has taken or will take some such action as that reported, for all the information that has come to the department up to this time seems to indicate dissatisfaction on the part of the Cuban commander at the attitude assumed by General Shafter. However, as the latter is acting strictly in accordance with the published directions of the President in maintaining the status quo of Santiago, so far as it relates to the municipal administration, the blame for a rupture, if one ensues, cannot be placed entirely upon General Shafter's shoulders.

The only official communication that has reached the War Department touching the state of affairs at the Philippines was contained in a brief dispatch received from Colonel Anderson, the commander of the first military expedition. He made no mention of the reported seizure by the second detachment on its way coming over of Wake island, lying about half way between Honolulu and the Philippines. No particular importance, however, is attached to this seizure even should it be reported by officials, for it was known in advance that the programme was for both the naval and military expeditions to touch on their way westward from Honolulu at any of the small Spanish islands, or islands not possessed by any other nation, for the purpose of taking on coal from the colliers accompanying them, a work which can be accomplished only in smooth water. It is very likely that this has been done at Wake island, and as an incident a flag may have been hoisted, though from the described character of the island it is likely to be of little service as a coaling station without expensive harbor improvements and of no service at all as a cable station, because it is a coral island and therefore destructive to cables.

No reports of the yellow fever situation at the front were received either yesterday or today, said Adjutant General Corbin today. Something, however, is expected from General Shafter very soon, as he is under instructions to forward to the War Department a full detailed report of the situation and the names of the victims.

It was announced that the troops and convoys under General Miles probably would arrive some time next Sunday, but further details were withheld. There seems to be no longer any doubt as to the purpose of the Government with regard to the island when occupied. It will be permanently annexed to the United States. At the Cabinet meeting today a schedule of port charges for Santiago and other Cuban ports was agreed upon and will be made public later.

SOLDIERS ACT LIKE HOODLUMS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

DETROIT, July 22.—A special to the News from Sault Ste Marie, Mich., says:

The companies of the Eighteenth Pennsylvania infantry, stationed at Fort Brady, cannot be ordered away too quickly to suit the people here. Last night was marked by a disgraceful exhibition on down-town streets. Armed guards of the soldiers made a pretense of gathering in their drunken comrades, but several guards were as drunk as those whom they tried to arrest.

One of the squads, in trying to disperse the crowd, used their bayonets without cause, wounding one man and endangering the lives of several inoffensive people. It was a miracle that a general conflict was averted.

The officers have absolutely lost control over their men, and discipline is a mockery. The situation will be reported to the Secretary of War.

PLANNING PORTO RICO CAMPAIGN.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Cabinet session today occupied an hour and a half and was devoted almost exclusively to the Porto Rico expedition and the aggressive steps in the campaign.

The immense chart of the island was sent for during the session and its lines carefully studied. After the session it was specifically and positively stated that there had been no discussion whatever as to the peace outlook, as to the new phase created by the Cuban insurgents' independent attitude; nor as to the action of Aguinaldo in the Philippines. General Miles' departure, however, was made a matter of congratulation, and the steps to follow were thoroughly reviewed.

CAMARA'S FLEET GOES TO CEUTA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

GIBRALTAR, July 22. — It is reported here that Admiral Camara's squadron of Spanish warships which passed through the Suez canal and turned back and started homeward, the Admiral giving a pledge that his ships were bound for Spain, is expected at the Spanish settlement of Ceuta, opposite Gibraltar, shortly, where it will await events.

The maritime authorities of the province of Asturias have ordered all the guiding and harbor lights to be discontinued, and the whole coast, therefore, will be dark at night until further orders.

A GARRISON FOR HONOLULU.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Arrangements are being perfected at the War Department for the establishment of a military garrison at Honolulu. Orders were issued today for a battalion of the Second Regiment of volunteer engineers to proceed to Honolulu in company with the First Regiment of New York volunteer infantry, Colonel Barber commanding, which is to constitute the first garrison of United States troops stationed on this newly annexed territory of the United States.

The Second Regiment of volunteer engineers was largely recruited on the Pacific coast, and is now quartered at San Francisco. It is in command of Colonel Willard Young, upon whom will devolve the selection of the battalion to be transferred to Honolulu. It is expected that the troops will sail for that port in a few days.

RELEASED FROM QUARANTINE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Miss Jennings, the nurse, the newspaper correspondents and several discharged soldiers, who arrived on the Seneca Wednesday last, were released from quarantine today.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT HIMSELF.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

YUBA CITY, Cal., July 22.—While cleaning a pistol at his home today Samuel Parker accidently shot and killed himself. The deceased was 33 years old and unmarried. He was a prominent Odd Fellow.

TORNADO'S WORK IN NORTH DAKOTA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 22.—A special to the Journal from Minot, N. D., says that a tornado struck that town last night, demolished seventeen buildings and injured a number of people. No one was killed. The county hospital was destroyed and several of the inmates badly injured. Six loaded box cars on the Soo tracks were blown 100 feet from the rails and demolished.

ENGINE BLOWS UP WITH FATAL EFFECT

Three Killed and Four Injured by the Explosion of a Locomotive at Dutch Flat.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, July 22.—At 4:30 o'clock this morning a terrible accident took place on the Central Pacific railroad opposite Dutch Flat in Placer county. Three persons were killed and four others painfully injured.

At 10 o'clock last night a fruit train bound for the East pulled out of Sacramento station with Thomas Kelly as the engineer and A. L. Perry as the fireman on board locomotive No. 1993. As the train was toiling up the steep grade past the station of Dutch Flat the engine exploded. The roar was terrific, shaking the surrounding hills and the buildings of the town. The locomotive was completely wrecked.

Engineer Kelly, Fireman Perry and a coal passer, supposed to be a tramp working his way over the mountains, and whose name is unknown, were instantly killed.

Their bodies were hurled a long distance from the engine and were frightfully mangled.

Coroner Mitchell o Placer county took charge of the remains.

The explosion occurred just opposite the boarding house of J. R. Faller, a frame building, injuring four persons. Fragments of iron flew in every direction from the wrecked locomotive and did considerable damage to the Faller building.

Mrs. J. R. Faller was painfully cut about the head and hands.

Raymond Faller, aged 10, was severely cut and bruised.

Lawrence Faller, aged 6, had his head badly cut.

Henry Disque of Colfax was hurt in the back and it is believed that several of his ribs were broken.

One car was thrown from the track but was not damaged.

Engineer Kelly has been in the service of the railroad company for a long time, but has only been an engineer for about a year. He served for several years as a fireman. He was considered one of the most promising engineers in the service of the company. He was a native of Iowa, aged 32 years. His home was in this city, where he leaves a wife.

Fireman A. L. Perry, who also lost his life by the explosion, was but 24 years of age. His parents live at Oleta, Amador county. He has been in the employ of the company about two years. Last night he took the place of Fireman Leitch, who started to his place in the cab, but who became ill before reaching the round house and returned to his home.

The cause of the explosion is, of course, unknown, and never will be known. Local railroad officials say the boilers of the locomotive were thoroughly tested a short time ago and reported to be in first class condition.

As soon as news of the wreck was received here a special train started for the scene, bearing T. R. Jones Assistant Division Superintendent; T. W. Heintzleman and Dr. Huntington of the railroad hospital.

SANTIAGO'S FALL PROCLAIMED BY THE BOLD BLANCO

Says the Surrender Will Have No Effect on His Army, Which Will Uphold Spain's Honor.

HAVANA, July 22.—Captain General Blanco has issued the following proclamation announcing the capitulation of Santiago. It is dated Havana, July 17:

"After three months' heroic defense and many bloody combats, owing to a scarcity of ammunition and victuals, the garrison of Santiago de Cuba has been forced to capitulate under honorable conditions and with the honors of war. This occurred on the 16th day of July, when it was recognized by the brave Spanish General of the division, who was acting commander of the place, that resistance was useless and that he could no longer hold the place. Notwithstanding that reinforcements had been possible, and that though he should receive such from Manzanillo, and although he should still cover further losses and bloody combats, and although he might put the city in a better condition of defense, he was still face to face with the fact that reinforcements would only make inroads upon the already greatly consumed and nearly exhausted store of provisions of the Spanish garrison. The city was thus placed in a very lamentable condition. The situation was anticipated, but it caused great depression to the Spanish forces.

"The occupation of the city of Santiago by the military forces of the Americans is lacking in strategic importance, owing to the fact that the city had previously been closely blockaded for a long time by the American ships, and will have little or no effect on the development of the Spanish campaign, which is to decide Spain's fate. The Spanish army is intact and eager for glory. It is willing to measure arms with the Americans, and in this army the King of Spain, the Government, and the whole country places trust of defense at any cost, and the honor of Spain's immaculate flag.

"This army is sure to be triumphant and victorious. At the last, in spite of so many dangers and impediments, it will show once more the indomitable spirit and well-known military talents of our people, is the hope and expectation of our General in Chief.

(Signed) "BLANCO."

A heavy hail storm following, seriously damaged crops.

A Casselton, N. D., special to the Journal says the same storm destroyed 20,000 acres of wheat.

National Bank Statements.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Comptroller of the Currency has called on national banks for a statement of their condition at the close of business Thursday, July 14th.

School House Improvements.

The Board of Public Works and the Committee on School Houses and Sites from the Board of Education, inspected the new closet system at the Durant and Bay schools yesterday, preparatory to accepting same.

The City Assessment.

City Auditor and ex-officio Assessor Snow will turn over the assessment roll to the City Council Monday night when that body will sit as a Board of Equalization.

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters.

The Parlor
Is a quiet, clean, prime quality saloon conducted by Gus Sinkwitz, for years with Kuch's Inlet, and by Louis Kunmeyer. Corner Ninth and Washington.

Allen's Press Clipping Bureau,
510 Montgomery street, S. F. Established 1888. Furnishes newspaper clippings and information on all topics, business and personal.

The Oakland Mattress Factory
makes, repairs, designs, calls for and delivers.
Fourth, bet. Washington & Bdwy

Oakland Tribune

PUBLISHED DAILY (Sunday excepted)

—at—

413, 415 and 417 EIGHTH STREET

—by the—

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President.

Delivered by Carrier

AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern Office of The Tribune is located at 250 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome. E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Alcazar—"Faust."
Columbia—"Liberty Hall."
Morosco's—"Captain Impudence."
Tivoli—"The Bells of Corneville."
Orpheum—High Class Vaudeville.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

July 24—St. Patrick's Mutual Alliance of California.
July 31—Deutscher Krieger Verein of San Francisco, to 11 P. M.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL OAKLAND 1893

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Weather forecast: Fair tonight and Saturday; brisk west wind.

FRIDAY.....JULY 22, 1898.

A French man says that music will bring hair out on bald heads. Some varieties might possibly have that effect, such for instance as under ordinary conditions would make the hair stand on end. They might succeed in scaring up a second crop on the balders.

There is more truth than poetry in what Joaquin Miller says when he advises those who have not yet started for Alaska, to be in no hurry to get there. One winner on the Yukon has been enough to prove to him, optimistic as he always is, that the only thing about the place that is what it is cracked to be, is the ice.

"Rev." Father Dempsey is proving to be an excellent marksman and none of the cadets can touch him when it comes to hitting the bull's eye."—(Extract from the San Francisco Post report of the cadet encampment at Santa Rosa.) Surely Father Dempsey is not used as a target at any time as might be inferred from the foregoing statement.

The many improvements that are in progress in connection with the ferry facilities between here and San Francisco, will in the course of a couple of years, by which time they will be completed, give us one of the best and most thorough services in the country. What with the filling in of the Alameda Mole, the rearrangement of the broad gauge terminus, the new ferry boat and the twenty minute service, to say nothing of the big depot across the bay and the dredging and other work done in the harbor, there are evidences enough that the hand of progress is busy.

The Republicans are flocking to San Francisco in preparation for the meeting tomorrow of the State Central Committee for it will unquestionably settle the vital preliminaries of the campaign. The question of the date of the convention is already practically assured, for the sentiment of the members of the committee is unanimously in favor of not holding it until the end of the coming month so as to have a cyclonic campaign. Tomorrow's meeting will be followed by similar action on the part of the Democrats and then at last the actual work of the coming conflict will commence.

Admiral Sampson's path seems to be a singular thorny one, no matter in what direction he turns. Right on top of his unfortunate absence from the Santiago engagement and the subsequent unpleasantness with Schley, comes the charge by General Miles that it is owing to his lack of judgment and dilatoriness that a misconnection has been made as regards transporting the troops to Porto Rico. This is the first clash that has occurred between the Army and the Navy and the fact that McKinley is said to be thoroughly in accord with General Miles's position on the matter does not make things any too pleasant for the Admiral.

After the Valley Road builds to Point Richmond and starts up operations with that place as its northern terminus, it will soon find that in order to promote its own interests it will have to extend to Oakland. There certainly can be but little sense in having a terminus ending at practically nowhere, when for the asking the line could reach tidewater at such a prosperous and commercially important town as Oakland. The ferry travel to and from San Francisco alone would be a considerable item, in addition to which there would be a thousand and one business facilities here that cannot possibly be obtained at Richmond.

The formal condemnation of Camp Merritt by the Board of Health of San Francisco should certainly open the eyes of the army authorities at Washington to the unsavory conditions attending the encampment in the West. The placarding of the tenting-grounds as unfit for human habitation is proof positive that the appeals for better sanitary arrangements have not been unfounded and as the place is not a military reservation the civil authorities will have the power to remove the troops from it. Carrying such an order into effect might be a hard matter if the soldiers did not want to go but there need be no fears on that score for every man on the ground realizes that every additional day he has to pass there means one more attack on his health and possibly his life, for the sick list shows that the chances of succumbing in some way to the unsanitary conditions are about one in five.

THE SITUATION AT MANILA.

If the reports that have just arrived from Manila be true there is stern work to be done by our California boys during the next few days, for Dewey is said to have determined to make his long-threatened descent on the city. This move is undoubtedly prompted by the indications that the hour when peace will be declared is not far away, and also accounts for the hurrying of troops to Porto Rico, the idea being to be in actual possession of as much territory as possible before peace is proclaimed. The reason therefore is because international law and precedent declares that all besieged points and possessions that have not fallen before an armistice comes are considered to have maintained their integrity. The result of this would be that the way things are now we would have no right to lay claim to the Philippines, for outside of the landing at Cavite there has been no move that could be considered as entitling us to the territory by virtue of occupation.

Perhaps the best proof of this status of affairs is that Dewey is about to make the land assault without awaiting the arrival of General Merritt. Under ordinary conditions there would undoubtedly have been a delay until the commander's appearance upon the scene, so the order to advance on the besieged city forthwith unquestionably emanates from Washington with the object of continuing to keep the capital under the United States flag.

While, owing to the meagre and delayed reports with which we have to be content since the cable to Manila was cut, it is problematic whether or not Dewey will have to encounter any actual German opposition to his plans, it is, however, certain that there will be hot work with the Spanish troops before the city capitulates. They are said to have been so encouraged by the reports that have reached the islands that Spain is rushing reinforcements to their assistance that they are determined to make a stubborn resistance, and although the city cannot boast of anything like the defenses with which Santiago was equipped, the entrenchments are sufficient to ensure a hot battle. The residents of Manila are said to have been inflamed to a high degree too by the preachings of the Archbishop and clergy, all of whom are striving their utmost to bring about a fierce defense of the city. Why they should take such a step is easy to figure when it is remembered that in addition to the cathedral and churches at Manila being stored with treasures, the Catholic Church also owns a large quantity of the best business properties of the town and therefore has many millions dependent upon the result.

While Chief Aguinaldo of the rebel forces stands ready to ally them to ours, it is exteremely doubtful if they will be accepted, owing to the difference of opinion that has resulted since Aguinaldo proclaimed himself as President of the Philippine Republic. Dewey, naturally, does not desire to see the rebel leader enter the city as a conqueror, and as Aguinaldo will most assuredly want to do so, complications similar to those that have occurred with Garcia in Cuba are likely to arise. Of course, if there should be a clash with the Germans, the tangles would be increased a thousand-fold as far as we are concerned, so whichever way the subject is regarded it is very evident that the armed hosts that are pouring into the islands are absolutely necessary to protect our interests. All will be anxiety for the next few days until we hear whether or not Manila was bombarded and if so, with what result, but apart from our interest in the outcome from a National point of view, we want to know how our California boys acquit themselves in their baptism of fire. They are personally near and dear to all of us, for their homes are in our midst and we want to read that they have distinguished themselves as is sure to be the case if they have had an opportunity. No more fearless regiment went to the front since the war began than the gallant Californians, and they can be relied on to thoroughly represent the great and glorious Golden State when the hour for action comes.

The truth is beginning to leak out of the manner in which hundreds of prospectors have been victimized by wild-cat Alaska companies. Reports from the Consulate of Vancouver show that some of these bogus operators who had undertaken for so many hundred dollars paid in advance to furnish an outfit and land the purchasers on the gold fields, simply got their dupes away from where the protection of the law could be wielded and then deserted them, in some instances the victims of this inhuman procedure being left almost to the horrors of starvation. There should be a day of reckoning for the sleek operators who sat in comfortable chairs in their city offices and lured the unwary into such traps, and the sooner it comes the better so that it will be a warning to those who seeing the opportunities of the present revival of the gold boom are figuring on similar schemes.

The Lake Merritt Improvement Club has the endorsement of all Oakland in its efforts to place on its proper place the beautiful stretch of water that should make the city famous. The members of the City Council who get an opportunity to vote on any measures leading to the improvement can therefore have the knowledge that by affirmative action they will be voicing the popular desire.

The old-time country newspaper salutatory that "we have come to stay" will be as good as any for Uncle Sam to declare himself with when he takes possession of Porto Rico. Hawaii and Porto Rico, with possibly Cuba and the Philippines thrown in will make a pretty good showing for American expansion in one year.

Hood's Pills

Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A COMMON SORROW.

The solemn ceremony of today has its lessons which should not pass unnoticed. It demonstrated that there is one common tie among men of all manner of thinking. It exemplified how completely all can come together in one common sorrow. Men of all sorts of political and religious belief considered it a duty and a sacred obligation to pay the last tribute of respect today to those brave men who were so cruelly taken from all that they held dear. Although there were but three hearses, the occasion was a mark of respect to all. The five names on the beautiful scroll that stood by the biers was the index of the heroes of the day. For those left behind—for the fatherless and the widows—Oakland has the feelings of greatest tenderness and compassion. The brave fellows, in their official capacity, were bound to the whole community and the universal expression of sorrow for their death and admiration for the conduct which led up to it must surely be some consolation to those whose ties were closer than those of friendship.

GARCIA'S UNGRATEFUL STAND

The prophesied clash between the Americans and Cubans seems imminent if General Garcia persists in the stand he has taken of refusing to cooperate any longer with our troops. This will leave us in a rather awkward position, for having as part and parcel of the agreement by which the surrender of Santiago was obtained, undertaken to safely care for and transport the Spanish soldiers back to their native land, we may probably be put in the anomalous position of having to fight the insurgents.

There seems little doubt that the Cubans, if they endorse the stand taken by Garcia, will now decline to abide by our armistice with the Spanish forces, and as we have disarmed the enemy, we will, in duty bound, be compelled to defend them even though we have to combat our former allies in so doing. It is beginning to dawn very forcibly on everybody—including even those who three or four months ago were pleading for the Cubans—that as far as the rebels themselves are concerned, we, in a measure, interfered in an undeserving cause. They have at no time shown themselves worthy of much consideration at the hands of our troops, for it has been impossible to get them to participate in a fair and square open fight with the enemy, as is shown by the fact that the records of the battle of Santiago not only do not show that the native troops distinguished themselves in any way, but on the contrary prove that they lacked the courage to do so, for they shunned a conflict at the only point they were placed on guard and allowed the enemy to pass the lines and reach the beleaguered city.

However, we had something at stake in commencing this war other than merely espousing the cause of the insurgents—we were protecting our own commercial interests owing to the severe losses we sustained by the shattering of the island trade, and then again, when the disaster occurred to the Maine, a spirit of revenge—for that is what it is—called on us to draw our swords from their sheaths. One thing is now made positive though, if Garcia's stand is endorsed by the rebel troops, and that is that we must not allow them to take control of the island after the Spanish power has been suppressed; if we are going to have the Stars and Stripes floating permanently over Porto Rico we should have it over Cuba as well. The cry of "Cuba Libre" that the natives have been sending up need not be silenced by any such action on our part, for the land would be made free enough when placed under the guiding influence of the American Constitution.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS REOPEN MONDAY.

Rule For Assignment of Pupils Not Generally Understood.

Superintendent of Schools McClymonds is preparing a circular letter to be sent to the various principals concerning the opening of schools next Monday.

For the purposes of the assignment of pupils, the city has been divided up into three districts by the Board of Education. East Oakland constitutes one of these districts, the portion of the city south of Seventh street a second, and the rest of the city, north of Seventh, the third. Parents may select and school within their respective districts for their children, and the latter will be allowed to attend the same provided that there is room enough.

Should more pupils than the maximum number allowed in each room, i. e. fifty, present themselves for admission to any school room, it is made the duty of the Superintendent of Schools to transfer pupils who can best be accomodated with school facilities in other school buildings with the least inconvenience. For example, if a child lives twelve blocks from school A and eleven blocks from school B, and presents himself at school B and that class be overcrowded, the pupil can be accommodated at school A with inconvenience of one block.

This rule was in effect last term, but parents did not seem to understand it.

All the schools are now in good condition for the opening of the new term. The pupils of the old Lorin district, now within the city, will continue to attend their old school within the limits of Berkeley until other arrangements can be made for them. The new principal of the Piedmont school, L. D. Martin, has arrived in the city to assume the duties of the position to which he has been elected. He has been teaching of late at Livingstone, Idaho, but formerly had charge of a school in this county.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Manuel Nunes, Irvington..... 30
May A. J. Coryea, Newark..... 19
Joaquin A. Silveria, Oakland..... 24
Maria V. Mattos, Oakland..... 18

GIVE FULL HONOR WHERE DUE.

"Remember the Merrimac!"

INTO THE THICK OF THE FIRE.

"Into the narrow channel
"Beneath the Spanish guns,
"Went the heroes of the Merrimac,
"America's own brave sons."

Admiral Gherardi recently voiced public opinion when he said, "There is just as much grit, just as much brains and just as much ability today in the



American navy as ever and I would not hesitate to say that there are better men today in the navy than ever." Lieutenant Hobson has proved himself the greatest hero of modern times; none the less so were the six brave fellows who volunteered and went with him, as well as the seventh man—the coxswain who disobeyed orders and slipped on board to help the desperate undertaking! Almost every officer and man in the entire fleet begged to be allowed a place on the Merrimac—a forlorn hope for their country's glory—for none who went expected to get out alive through the hell that would surely pour from the cannon mouths of Morro and Zocapa. It was a scene of heroism and heroes which will do more to convince the world that Americans are not "a nation of shopkeepers," but that they are built of the material from which the rose are made.

It takes a man with good blood, strong nerves and a healthy condition of heart, brains and stomach to be a hero. A nervous man who does not sleep at night and gets up shaky in the morning is not the sort to take up the battle of life with confidence and fortitude. If the nerves are fed on good rich blood, and the liver active so that all waste products are eliminated—such a man has a clear head and a firm will, for his nerves are strong, his heart active and his brain is fed on pure blood. So it happens that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is one of the best of all health-keepers for it makes pure, rich blood.

It forces out all impurities and disease germs. It does not make any difference what the disease may be called, so long as it has its inception in improper or insufficient nourishment—this great medicine will cure it. It may be called dyspepsia, kidney disease, "liver complaint," skin or blood disease, or nervous prostration—all these have the same starting point. The "Golden Medical Discovery" reaches that point. It will cure these diseases absolutely. None of them can retain their hold on the system when the arteries are filled with rich, pure blood. It replaces worn out tissue with hard muscular flesh, and changes weakness and debility into active power and nerve force.

No alcohol being used in the manufacture of "Golden Medical Discovery" it does not inebriate or create an appetite or longing for stimulants as is so often the case with the protracted use of other advertised tonics and alteratives which are very generally made up largely of that injurious ingredient.

The originator of this great "Discovery," R. V. Pierce, M. D., is chief consulting physician to the great Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y., at the head of a staff of nearly a score of eminent associate physicians and surgeons. He has acquired, in his over thirty years of active practice, a reputation second to no living physician in the treatment of obstinate, chronic diseases. His prescriptions must not be confounded with the numerous "boom remedies, "extracts," "compounds," and "sarsaparillas," which a profit-seeking druggist is often ready to urge as a substitute. Dr. Pierce's medicines are the product of wide experience and deep study. Any one may consult him by letter free of charge.

"The reason I delayed writing was because I wanted to wait one year after I had taken the medicine before giving my statement, and now I can send a good, conscientious testimonial," writes Chas. H. Sargent of Plain City, Madison Co., Ohio. "During the summer and fall of 1896 I became all 'run down,' nerves were out of order and stomach out of order. I wrote to Dr. Pierce for advice. He said I had general debility, and advised Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and, thanks to you for your advice, I used six bottles, and since I stopped taking it about one year ago, I have not taken any medicine of any kind, and have been able to work every day. My appetite is good, I can eat three square meals a day, and I do not feel that miserable burning in the stomach after eating. My blood and nerves are in good shape, and well—in fact, I think I am in pretty good running order."

"My health had been failing for several years," writes Mrs. Sophia A. Slemp of Sugargrove, Smith Co., Va. "I had hot flashes and at times a dreadful hurting in my back above the loins; could not rest at night on account of hot spells. Last spring I began to feel so weak I could scarcely do my work and in April I broke down completely. I had indigestion and kidney trouble. No desire to urinate and when I did, would pass only a very little and of dark color. The back of my head and neck would be so tired I could not rest. The left side of my face ached, but the pains and aches yielded under the influence of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I had also a severe pain in my left limb. I tried different liniments but received no relief. I could not lie still on account of the suffering in my body. My limbs and feet were cold, although I was in a perspiration nearly all the time. Some nights I would have to be propped up in bed all night, and even then could sleep but little. I sent for the doctor and asked if he could cure me. He said he had never failed but a time or two. I took his treatment about three weeks and was no better, but worse if anything, so I decided to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I bought six bottles but I had only to take four bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of the 'Pleasant Pellets' and I was able to do my work again. I have thus far had no return of the disease. I feel better this spring that I have felt for several seasons. I have no hot spells like I had for several years. If I had taken your treatment sooner, no doubt I could have kept that bad spell off, but I am truly thankful that I took your medicine and found a cure. I shall ever praise the medicine that cured me and will recommend it to all suffering as I was."

While all diseases may not be directly inherited, the constitutional tendency to acquire them is inherited. If a man is a consumptive the chances are that his children will have weak, undersized lungs, and a predisposition to acquire the same disease.

The young man who suffers from bronchitis, weak lungs, spitting of blood or any disease of the air passages which, if neglected leads up to consumption, may take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with almost absolute assurance of recovery. It cures 98 per cent of all cases when taken in time. It soothes and heals the delicate and sensitive tissues of the air passages and lungs, checks the cough, facilitates expectoration, drives out all impurities and disease germs from the tainted blood and builds new and healthy tissues.

Mr. John G. Born, of 4020 Liberty avenue, Pittsburg, Pa., writes: "Some thirty months ago I said to my wife, 'I don't want to keep anything from you. I must tell you I am in the last stage of consumption.' In December, 1896, I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I could then only speak in whispers. I have taken thirteen bottles, and can say with truth I am greatly benefited. People are surprised to hear me speak. I can hallo, and my voice has not been as good in eight years. My stomach was never in better condition. Formerly I could not eat without suffering very much immediately after, but now I can eat anything."

"I will write you what Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has done for me," says George H. Belcher, Esq., of Dorton, Pike Co., Ky. "Thirteen years ago I was wounded by a ball passing through my lung. I have had a bad cough almost ever since with shortness of breath, and it was very easy to take cold; the slightest change of weather would cause the cough to beso bad I would have to sit up in bed all night. Could not eat or sleep at times; was all run down; could not work at all. A few months ago I began using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Have not used more than two bottles and now can eat, sleep and work and I feel like a new man. I cannot find words to sufficiently recommend Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, or tell the good it has done me."

"Last spring I was taken with severe pains in my chest, and was so weak I could hardly walk about the house," says Mrs. G. E. Kerr of Fort Dodge, Webster Co., Iowa. "I tried several physicians and they told me I had consumption, but that I might 'brush it over' and perhaps live a good many years. I heard of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and I thought I would try some of it. Before I had taken the first bottle I was very much better; I took five bottles of it and have not yet had any return of the trouble. I have also taken Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Pleasant Pellets' with good results."

"I had long been a sufferer from chronic catarrh of the head," says Charles T. Stone, Esq., of Whitford, Chester Co., Pa. "About last May it developed into a very disagreeable and hacking cough with soreness and fullness of the chest. Doctors here pronounced it bronchitis. I tried several doctors and took different remedies without receiving any benefit whatever. I then consulted Dr. R. V. Pierce in reference to my case. The first bottle of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' stopped the cough. I used several bottles, with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and have since had no symptoms of a return of the cough.

No family should be without Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It used to cost $1.50; now it is free. Paper-covered copy 21 one-cent stamps, to cover mailing only; cloth binding 31 stamps. Enclose the stamps and mail to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. Over 1,200,000 American homes now contain copies of this great work. It tells what to do in emergency or accident or sudden sickness. It contains over one thousand pages, profusely illustrated with engravings and colored plates. It gives receipts for several hundred simple, well-tried home remedies. It instructs the mother in the care of her ailing children or husband, and gives invaluable suggestions for the preservation of her own health and condition in all those critical and delicate periods to which women are subject.

STATE AND STATESMEN.

(The Tribune from time to time, as the State campaign, now on, progresses will give its readers the benefit of what the leading newspapers of the State of California have to say about the issues involved, or likely to be, and the men associated with them. The selections shall be entirely non-partisan.)

William McDonald of Livermore has written a lengthy communication to the San Luis Obispo Tribune endorsing his friend Warren John of that section for the Assembly. Mr. McDonald also hopes to be a member of the next Assembly from the Livermore District of Alameda county.

It is a peculiar fact that the official declaration of the Republican party of California is in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The platform of the last State Convention is always in force as party doctrine and there is no way to repeal it until another convention meets. And yet the organs talk learnedly of "the silver craze" and the "free coinage idiots!"—Stockton Mail.

The anti-Republican elements, says the Los Angeles Express, in their endeavors to merge their interests and bury their principles are having a merry time. In some of the counties of the State they are succeeding remarkably well, considering their diversified opinions on the one side and the little they have in common on the other. Their common cause—the capture of the offices and the lost free silver delusion—is a mixture which, in the very nature of the ingredients, makes a very poor adhesive material for sealing compacts, except those which bear directly upon the office itself. There are not enough offices in the whole trouble.

The San Francisco Post remarks that "the State has not conceded the selection of Governor to Alameda county. Hence the row, which seems to boil and bubble like a tempest in a teapot, as to what Alameda county man shall be Governor of California, is far-fetched, unlikely and essentially uncalled for." To which the Alameda Encinal replies: "As the county which gave the largest Republican majority in the State, Alameda believes that she has as good a claim to have one of her foremost Republicans honored as any other county. Alameda is not "demanding" the Governorship in any offensive manner, but is simply presenting the claims to which her stalwart Republicanism entitles her."

There are growing evidences that the Democratic party is getting ready to declare in its next National Convention—as it declared in the Chicago Convention in 1864—that "the war is a failure." But the Democratic party didn't elect a President until twenty years after the Chicago declaration of 1861.—Los Angeles Times.

R. J. Waters and James McLachlan are the only men seriously spoken of for the Republican nomination for congressman in this district. They are good men, but Mr. Waters appears to be considerably in the lead down this way.—Santa Monica Outlook.

It now looks very much as if Ex-Mayor Davis of Oakland will be the next Republican nominee for Governor of California. He is a man of excellent executive ability and would make such a Governor as we would all be proud of. —Independent Calistogan.

The bewhiskered, breeze-generating Populists of the country have resolved in favor of fusion. E. M. Wardall, Congressman Barlow's private secretary who draws $100 a month for the work he does not do at Washington, was one of the active workers for the cause of fusion.—Pasadena Star.

Robert Duncan Milne of San Francisco is scattering broadcast over Southern California a circular letter setting forth the claims of Senator Thos. Flint, Jr., of San Juan for the Gubernatorial toga. Mr. Milne thinks Hon. M. M. Estee, Hon. W. H. Barnes, General Dickinson, Dr. Pardee, and W. R. Davis are ineligible for the exalted place, and he proceeds to set forth Mr. Flint's claims and winds up his dissertation with these words: "In short, he is the only really strong, logical and available candidate of the Republican party."

W. R. Davis is an able man, a clean, honest and honorable man. The good things said of Mr. Davis by the Pasadena News are all true.—Eureka Standard.

The Oakland Loan Office.

Loans money on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols and articles of every description. Sells all kinds of musical instruments at cost. Pays the highest price for old gold and silver. Now at 966 Washington street, bet. Ninth and Tenth streets.

The Emeryville Road House, Capt. Gardner prop'r, with every accommodation for travelers, including private rooms, music room, etc., is open for business. Thirty-seventh st. and San Pablo ave.

"My Cake Is Dough."
Did not use Sperry's Flour.

Cutter's Place

Is cool, restful and a rendezvous for old friends and good liquors. 473 Ninth street.

You can hardly realize that its medicine when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved from their use.

The well known and celebrated Eagle Brand liqueurs and cordials at Theo Gier Co., sole agt.

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Fifteenth year opens August 1, 1898.
Pupils of both sexes. Kindergarten, Primary, Grammar and High School grades.
Accredited by the University of California. See or address SARAH W. HORTON, Principle 964 Eighteenth Street.

HAMILTON HALL SCHOOL
FOR BOYS
Will Open Monday, July 25th.
Individual Work. Number Limited
Terms Reasonable.
Boys prepared for High School and for business. For particulars inquire of
J. C. GILSON,
At the Hall, cor. 13th and Jefferson Sts.

20 Years in Europe and Australia.
CONSULT, FREE

Dr. T. D. Hall
THE SPECIALIST
Etc is unsurpassed in the rapid cure of
FEMALE DISEASES
and all weaknesses and disorders of Man
Private Diseases
Quickly cured. Recent cases in a few hours.
Call or write, DR. HALL'S Medical Institute, 955 Broadway, near Seventh Street, Oakland.
Cures guaranteed. Hours 10 to 12, 2 to 5. Museum of Anatomy open daily. Free to men.
Dr. T. D. Hall's Re Invigorator stops all Losses in 24 hours. Cures Nervous Debility Wasting Away, Emissions, Impotency, Losses and all weaknesses arising from errors of youth and excesses; $2 per bottle. 3 bottles for $5 guaranteed to cure.

The Black Hawk Stomach and Liver Bitters

Is a purely vegetable compound used by the Indians for a century. Manufactured by the
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EAST OAKLAND.

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BANQUETS, PARTIES,
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THE H. C. CAPWELL CO.

(Incorporated.)
BLAKE BLOCK,
PHONE 1071 RED.

Green Trading Stamps

We take them in payment for goods, and give them with purchases.

12 given with every dollar's worth of goods.

School Days Here Again

And the Children must be fixed up for the new term. We want to be thought of in this connection. Where else can a better line of goods for Children be found than in our store?

"HERCULES SCHOOL HOSE"

Every pair stamped as above, and the words mean something—mean the stockings are made to resist the rough wear given them by school children, especially boys. Three grades.....15c, 20c, 25c pr They are ribbed, fast black and seamless.

SCHOOL HANDKERCHIEFS

Not expensive, but suitable in every way. Plain white, colored borders or embroidered edges. Grades at.....5c, 8⅓c, 10c, 12½c and 15c

BOYS' SAILOR SUITS

Sizes 3 to 8 years. A variety of well wearing and well washing little suits at reduced prices. Just the thing for summer school wear. Prices per suit 25c, 45c, 65c, 75c, 98c, $1.25, to $1.50.

GIRLS' COLORED DRESSES

Sizes 2 to 10 years. A choice line of Gingham and percale dresses at reduced prices 25c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1.00 to $1.35.

MISSES' SHIRT WAISTS

Every waist in the house has been reduced in price, whether for ladies or children. Our Misses Waists are reduced to.....35c, 49c and 69c

BELTS, COLLARS and TIES

Good assortments at reduced prices. Belts of all sorts, plain leather, jeweled leather, carved leather, and fancy metal. Grades at.....15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, to $2.00.

SCHOOL BOOK BAGS

Do you want a "grip" for your book? We have a lot especially bought for this purpose. Grades at ....$1.00, 1.20, 1.30, 1.50 to 3.50

FOR BIG FOLKS

Who used to go to school, and wish they could do so again. We have the usual attractive goods for them and at attractive prices. Every department will be interesting to you.

DEWEY OPERA HOUSE OPENS TOMORROW.

Beautiful Features of the New Home of the Drama.

Experienced Players Under the Direction of Mr. Harry Jackson.

STANDARD PIECES OUTLINED.

Artistic Performances Finely Staged and at Prices to Suit the People.

Oakland is to have a modern family theater. Modern in the sense that the dramatic productions will vie with the best Eastern work; in the further sense that the dramatic talent will be the best procurable and in the addition al and more satisfactory sense that the autonomy of the theater and its social regulation will satisfy all who visit it.

The Oakland Theater has been transformed into the Dewey Opera House, and the transformation has not only extended to the dramatic and stage features, but also covers the questions of artistic decorations and certain other conveniences which will fill a long-felt want in this House.

Under the management of Mr. Harry Jackson and his clever wife, Mrs. Kate Jackson, the Dewey Opera House opens tomorrow evening, the initial dramatic production being a play written by Mr. Harry Jackson, entitled, "Over the Sea," which introduces a sterling stock company headed by these popular principals.

Mr. Harry Jackson is one of the best known character comedians of the Eastern stage, and is the author of several successful plays which have proven popular to patrons of the drama in Chicago, New York and other Eastern cities.

He was associated with Mr. John D. Hopkins' Eastern theatrical enterprises. Mr. Hopkins exploited, with a remarkable degree of success, the proposition of reasonable-priced family theaters, receiving material assistance from Mr. Harry Jackson in this direction. It is only fair to presume that the one who so successfully conducted these ventures in the East will have little difficulty in accomplishing an immediate success in Oakland, where the necessity for a popular-priced theater has been apparent for so long a time.

A reporter of the Oakland Tribune visited the theater yesterday afternoon, and happened to come upon Mr. Jackson while he was conducting a rehearsal of "Over the Sea." The reporter was favorably impressed with Mr. Jackson's painstaking efforts in developing the best effects of the piece.

At the conclusion of the rehearsal, Mr. Jackson kindly escorted the representative of the Tribune through the Opera House, and pointed out many improvements which have been made.

In the first place, the interior has been entirely repainted and re-papered. The predominating colors of the decorations are cardinal and gold.

The house throughout is lighted with incandescent globes. A ladies' reception room opens from the right of the lobby and is supplied with such conveniences as will accommodate these patrons of the theater, saving ladies the embarrassment of waiting in the lobby.

There is a children's play-room in charge of a colored matron, which contains hobby-horses and other amusing contrivances to please crying babies. Ladies bringing their children to the theater will thereby save themselves and the audience the embarrassment which a vocative child causes.

There is a smoking-room for gentlemen to the left of the lobby, and an ice-cream parlor in charge of a well-known local caterer.

One of the notable improvements which Mr. Jackson has made is a separate gallery entrance. There are logia seats especially reserved for patrons of the Opera House who live at a distance, and who otherwise would be placed in unsatisfactory competition for good seats with persons living at shorter distances.

Mr. Jackson has organized a corps of boy ushers—non-tipable ushers, who are employed to do all the service they can without being fed by the audience.

Mr. Jackson showed the reporter some of the new and elaborate scenery which he intends to use in his dramatic productions, and stated that new scenery would appear with every change of play.

Mr. Jackson impressed the reporter of the Tribune as a gentleman and an actor of sterling worth, and the many press notices which the reporter observed he had received in the East was an easy and thorough assurance of his standing in Eastern dramatic circles.

He has enlisted the assistance of sound and sufficient capital to carry out his intelligent ideas of what a theater for the Alameda county public should be, and he has spared neither pains nor money in refurnishing and rehabilitating the house to make it thoroughly satisfactory to himself and his patrons.

The author of many successful dramas and comedies, the manager of notable Eastern dramatic enterprises, it is not to be wondered at that in the hands of Mr. Jackson the future of the Dewey Opera House appears to be one of undoubted triumph.

In passing, it may be said that Mr. Jackson and his estimable wife have been commended by the Eastern press for their faithful portrayal of the notable characters of many well known standard and legitimate plays, and Mr. Jackson's dramatizations and original compositions have received the highest encomiums from the Eastern press. He has been favorably compared with the well known comedian, George Knight, and has appeared in the same characters taken by that notable actor with great success.

Tomorrow night the Dewey Opera House opens, with a new company, with new scenery, with beautiful costumes, with a trained corps of ushers, with every convenience for ladies and for gentlemen, with ample lights, with an enlarged stage, with a new drop curtain, with improved and beautified boxes, with every accessory and every convenience of a modern Eastern theater, and it behooves all lovers of the drama and all adherents of county development to lend their assistance, their presence and their influence to make the opening night at the Dewey Opera House a big success.

It may be said, in conclusion, that a branch office for the sale of tickets has been established at Osgood's drug store, and that reserved seats may otherwise be procured at the office of the theater or by telephone.

The fully equipped orchestra will be under the direction of Louis Homeier, who was for years associated with the California Theater as leader.

NON-UNION MINERS BEATEN AT PANA.

Operators With Winchesters Stand Off the Strikers.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PANA, Ills., July 22.—Several unknown non-union miners were severely beaten to-day while en route to the shafts to resume work. Only two miners entered Springside mine, they being escorted to the mine by operators D. I. and Corwin Overholt, with Winchesters, preventing the union miners interfering. One non-union miner named Henderson, while en route to the Penwell mine, was intercepted and badly pounded.

The miners and their wives continue to surround the shafts. Deputies and police also continue on guard. Complications between the Mayor and City Aldermen have arisen owing to Mayor Penwell, one of the operators of the Penwell mine, granting permission to non-union miners to carry revolvers and guns.

MRS. HARVEY HAS A NARROW ESCAPE.

While cleaning a silk waist with gasoline this morning, Mrs. C. V. Harvey of 1577 Twenty-second avenue caused an explosion which resulted in her being badly burned about the face and hands as well as about $100 damage to her home. But for the prompt action of the Fire Department the house would have been a total loss.

Police Notes.

Frank Smith, the bicycle rider arrested by Chief Fletcher yesterday for failing to dismount, forfeited his bail money in the Police Court this morning.

The case of John Jurgins, charged with violation of the license ordinance, was continued to July 29th for trial.

Was in the Row.

J. Lynch was arrested last night by Officer Pardee and charged with disturbing the peace. Lynch is one of the crowd who indulged in a gang fight at Seventh and Kirkham streets last Sunday night. His case was continued to tomorrow to be set.

Peck is Commissioner General.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The President has appointed Ferdinand W. Peck of Chicago Commissioner-General of the Paris Exposition.

Marital Misfit

Parepa Rosa Hennesy has filed complaint in divorce against Michael J. Hennesy.

ABRAHAMSON BROS. ALTERATION SALE

SATURDAY SPECIALS.

1000 pieces of Gauze striped and plaid RIBBON,

Entirely new and never sold for less than 50c a yard, will be sold at **19c a yd., Special**

We have also placed a great many fine all silk moiree Ribbons in this lot in only desirable shades. Remember, no old stock, but strictly up to date styles and colors.

100 Striped Duck Skirts on white ground, now.....75c
100 Plain Crash Skirts, now 75c
100 Black Figured Mohair.....$1.35
100 Ruffled Overskirts, made of Mohairette, in different mixtures.....$1.50
100 Crash Suits, composed of Blazer and Skirt, made of heavy linen crash, now..$1.95

Big Reductions in Fancy Pique and Summer Suits.

Now is the time of buying Grenadines for Overskirts, when ½ price is asked for them; we are overstocked and must suffer the consequences.

The following prices speak for themselves:

44-in. Iron Frame Grenadine **48c** yd, was formerly $1.00 a yard.
44-in. Brocade Grenadine **54c** a yd, was formerly $1.10 a yard.
44-in. Brocade Grenadine **62½c** yd, was formerly $1.25 a yard.
44-in. Iron Frame Grenadine **74c** yd, was formerly $1.50 a yard.
44-in. Fancy Cheque Grenadine **74c** was formerly $1.50 a yard.

Every one of the above styles are entirely fresh and this season's goods Examine them carefully; they are well worth it.

Capes, Jackets, Suits.

A great many odds and ends will be closed out at popular prices to make room.
Our entire line of Silk Ruffled and Grenadine Capes will be closed out regardless of cost.
Silk Plush Capes with trimming of beads, from **$2.65** up.
Braided cloth Capes with trimming of beads, **$3.95** up.
Summer Jackets made of Covert cloth, from **$3.75** up.
A line of heavy Boucle Jackets at **$4.95** which were sold for more than double.

Delph Blue Drapery

Figured Denim **10c** a yd.
Figured Delph Mull, newest patterns....**10c** a yd.
Delph Blue Art Cambric, newest patterns.....**15c**
Delph Blue Art Ticking, new patterns....**25c** a yd.
Figured Swiss with Delph blue patterns...**10c** a yd.
Figured White Swiss, 36 in. wide.....**10c** a yd.
Figured Delph Blue Crepe .....**7½c** a yd.

The most desirable Draperies used this season at popular prices.

Another Extra Special.

All of our 50c satin and Ladies' Neckwear and Tecks at 19c. Do not miss this opportunity, as you will not get them by Monday at this price.

Remember this Clearance Sale applies to every Department in the house.

ABRAHAMSON BROS.

Thirteenth and Washington Sts., OAKLAND, CAL.

TO ARRANGE THE DETAILS TOMORROW.

State Republicans to Fix the Date For Convention.

Delegates in Large Counties May be Elected at Primaries.

The Republican State Central Committee will meet at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at Golden Gate Hall in San Francisco to arrange the details for the State Convention. It is generally understood that the date will be set about August 25th.

There is a fight already over the place for holding the State Convention, and San Francisco, Sacramento and Santa Cruz are being discussed and put forward, and as yet the choice is very doubtful.

The plan for the apportionment of delegates which is meeting with most favor is based on a representation of one delegate for every 200 votes and one for every surplus of 100 and over cast in 1896 for Irving M Scott for Presidential elector. This will give the convention 751 delegates apportioned as follows: San Francisco, 186; Alameda, 67; Alpine, 1; Amador, 5; Butte, 11; Calaveras, 8; Colusa, 3; Contra Costa, 9; Del Norte, 2; El Dorado, 6; Fresno, 14; Glenn, 3; Humboldt, 6; Inyo, 2; Kern, 7; Kings, 4; Lake, 3; Lassen, 2; Los Angeles, 85; Madera, 3; Marin, 8; Mariposa, 3; Mendocino, 11; Merced, 3; Modoc, 2; Mono, 2; Monterey, 10; Napa, 10; Nevada, 10; Orange, 10; Placer, 10; Plumas, 4; Riverside, 11; Sacramento, 22; San Benito, 4; San Bernardino, 14; San Diego, 18; San Joaquin, 18; San Luis Obispo, 9; San Mateo, 8; Santa Barbara, 10; Santa Clara, 32; Santa Cruz, 10; Shasta, 6; Sierra, 4; Siskiyou, 8; Solano, 14; Sonoma, 21; Stanislaus, 5; Sutter, 4; Tehama, 5; Trinity, 3; Tulare, 7; Tuolumne, 4; Ventura, 8; Yolo, 8; Yuba, 6. Total, 751.

There is a desire expressed by some members of the State Central Committee for a plan of holding the primaries that will prevent the sending of solid delegations from the larger counties, which are able in this manner to dictate to a host of smaller counties. The idea is to elect delegates to the State Convention by direct vote at the primaries for the whole number in each Assembly district. The counties may be divided into two classes—those having one and those having more than one Assembly district. The first class will select delegates at a caucus or county convention. This class includes counties such as Alpine with one vote and Del Norte with two. The larger class, such as Los Angeles with eighty-five delegates and Alameda with sixty-seven, will elect delegates direct at the primary.

This plan is said to be the legal one adopted by the last State Convention, and which was explained by the resolution of the convention printed in yesterday's Tribune.

POPULISTS ARE ACTIVE.

The County Central Committee of the Populists will meet next Thursday to organize for the campaign. The committee is as follows:

Forty-sixth—C. Toyne, G. W. Kraft, N. P. Nelson, M. R. Lyle and W. R. Downing.

Forty-seventh—G. R. Read, N. J. Manson, J. Aubrey Jones, J. E. Taylor and R. B. Myers.

Forty-eighth—A. M. Stoddard, P. B. Preble, F. J. Gregory and I. D. Shepherd.

Forty-ninth—Robert Stuart, J. Gelder, W. R. Batten, Fred T. Hale and J. U. Oberg.

Fiftieth—Dr. R. Hesse, A. Hoenisch, B. C. Allyn, J. Grimmins and S. R. Nichols.

Fifty-first—J. C. Estey, J. L. Fallinbaum, A. C. C. Kreuger, J. M. Doyle and M. L. Gray.

Charles White, a member from the Forty-eighth, having died, will leave a vacancy from that district to be filled.

The first contest will be for chairman, and F. J. Gregory will probably win out in behalf of the fusionists.

TO INVADE SAN LEANDRO.

The Young Men's Republican Club will go to San Leandro tonight to hold a meeting and advance the cause of Republicanism. A large crowd is expected, and there will be good music and speeches.

SCHAEFFER ONCE MORE A FREE MAN.

Death of Charles White Makes His Conviction Impossible.

Upon motion of Prosecuting Attorney Melvin the charge of assault to murder against Alfonso Schaeffer was dismissed by Judge Allen this morning.

Owing to the death of Charles White, the only man who saw Schaeffer draw his revolver and attempt to shoot Hurt, the prosecution did not have sufficient evidence to convict, hence the motion.

Judge Gibson, Schaeffer's attorney, exhibited a telegram sent by Hurt, while the latter was on his way East, which read as follows:

"If you are released go live with your wife. If they arrest you sue them for $50,000.

This practically settles one of the bitterest fights that has occupied the attention of our courts for some time.

SHOE STORE SHOE STORE

for

VACATION

Children's Tan Shoes
Boys' Tan Shoes
Ladies' Tan Shoes

Prices Reduced One-Half

$2 50 Shoe reduced to $1 25
3 00 " " 1 50
2 00 " " 75

Some sizes in Fine Black Oxfords and Southern Ties at 50c and 75c, former prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

White Canvas Oxfords. We have them all sizes and widths, on new coin toe. Price.....$1 45

We are showing new lines of Ladies' Lace and Button Boots in turn and welted soles, on latest lasts, both in kid and patent tips, genuine vici kid—look and wear like $5.00 shoes—our prices on all styles, $3 and $3 50; the same shoe, machine sewed, at $2.50. These bargains in fine footwear are not offered by any other shoe house.

We are selling agents for Laird, Schober & Co., John Foster & Co., and several other long established and standard shoemakers.

We handle more fine shoes than any other shoe firm west of Chicago, and are permanently located at 1059 Washington St. and in Macdonough Block, Oakland; 931 Market Street, opp. Mason, San Francisco.

Soliciting your patronage, we pledge considerable attention to your wants and wearing service in our goods.

"The Oakland" Shoe House,
"The San Francisco" Shoe House
GEO. E. FAIRCHILD,
Pres. and Mgr.

School Opening.

On Saturday, July 23d, and Monday, July 25th, we will hold a Special Sale of

CHILDREN'S TRIMMED HATS

Our Semi-Annual Clearance Sale is now on. Look in our windows before purchasing elsewhere.

"THE BONNET BOX"

461 Thirteenth Street,
OAKLAND, CAL.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

The Watsonville Register of the 15th inst. says: Miss Annie Walker of Oakland, while playing on the beach at Camp Goodall yesterday, fell and broke her right arm. Dr. Rogers attended her.

Dr. Dille has returned from Pacific Grove, where he has been in attendance on the religious meetings held there.

A banquet will be given this evening at Y. M. I. Hall to members of the New York regiment. The banquet is given by New Yorkers in this city.

Golden Gate Assembly No. 62, United Artisans, will give a flag social Friday evening, July 29th, at Magnolia Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Cordan are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Galarden near Warm Springs.

Charles McGhan, who has been spending some time in this city, has returned to his Stockton home.

Mr. and Mrs. Gaylord and son are at Los Gatos.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Welch have returned from Santa Clara, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Menzel.

Mrs. L. M. Hayes of this city is registered at the Vendome, San Jose.

Miss Mary Mesmer of Los Angeles is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Thomas Pozer of Alameda is stopping in Los Gatos.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Dennis have gone to Petaluma.

Judge and Mrs. Ellsworth have returned from Ben Lomond, where they spent a fortnight.

Miss Mabel Mitchell has gone to Los Gatos to spend three weeks.

Miss Edith Crawford has returned from Sebastopol and Santa Rosa.

Dr. Robert T. Stratton, physician in charge of the Receiving Hospital, has returned from a six weeks' vacation in the northern part of the State. For two weeks he has been located at Mirabil in Lake county. His family will return next Monday.

The Misses Mabel and Gertrude Thayer of East Oakland are expected home today from a month's trip through Washington and Northern Oregon.

Irving Cooper is spending a week in Ben Lomond and Boulder Creek.

Miss May Boek and Miss Nellie Bohn have returned from their camping trip to Grass Valley.

Olin Hunter has returned from Monte Vista, Placer county, where he has been spending a few weeks' vacation.

Charles Arnold, document clerk at the Hall of Records returned last evening from a two weeks' outing at Highland Springs, in Lake county. Mr. Arnold reports a hot time, few days being cooler than 95 degrees in the shade.

David F. Selby is expected home from Bartlett Springs tonight or tomorrow.

BOYS IN BLUE ON AN EXCAPADE.

Too Much Fire-Water Leads to a Soldier's Down-Fall.

Frank D. Norrisey, a private in Company M of San Jose's contingent at Camp Barrett, to-day came into town on an escapade with a fellow comrade named William Welburn. The young fellows were tempted by the flowing bowl, and Morrisey, while paralyzed by the intoxicants fell upon a curbstone at Seventh and Washington streets. An ugly gash was cut over the left eye.

Dr. Sanborn and Steward Tobin dressed the wound at the Receiving Hospital.

Morrisey is known as the "company barber."

Will Be Buried Here.

Thomas Shepherd, a native of England, 76 years of age, died at San Quentin Wednesday and will be brought to this city for interment.

Funeral of Robt. Pedigo.

The funeral of Robert C. Pedigo was held at the undertaking parlors of Delehanty & Havens, 869 Clay street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Many beautiful floral pieces were sent by employes of the Postoffice and others.

A Grass Fire.

A grass fire on Peralta Heights caused an alarm to be turned in from box 81 shortly after 12 o'clock this afternoon. No serious damage resulted.

Anxiety Over the Dawson.

Alamedans are becoming anxious in regard to the Dawson City, which left for Alaska June 20th and has not been heard of since.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Rooms For Housekeeping.

At Winsor House, corner Ninth and Washington streets. Rooms single or in suite for housekeeping; also use of kitchen, large dining room and all cooking utensils. Prices reasonable to permanent parties. Call and see. Mrs. Pritchard, prop.

A Clean Good Suit.

That is, we make suits cheaper than down town tailors, and clean old suits to save tailors' bills. D. Jacobs, 425 Fourteenth street.

The Oakland Grotto

Is a quiet place for gentlemen; finest liquors and cigars; club room; opening on July 30, 1898. Collier & Company, proprietor. Northeast corner of Eighth and Broadway.

Strictly First Class.

There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house to any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge.

Telephone main 226. Office, northeast corner Broadway and Ninth street.

The physicians send all their patients to Theo. Gier Co., 513-515 Fourteenth street, for pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes

"THE CREDIT HOUSE"
Six Stories High



A Divan of graceful design, finished in deep rich mahogany. Upholstering of the durable kind, in silk tapestry, carved back....$7.75

So many uses for small Stands, square top, mahogany finish, turned legs, with shelf.....50c

Metal beds are the beds of coolness, of cleanliness and convenience. White enamel, brass trimmings.....$2.75

A sideboard is a step-saver in the household a convenience to hostess and guests. In solid oak $9.00

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Moquette Rugs, by their soft texture and pleasing colors, harmonize with their surroundings best. We have them 36x72 inches, for $2.75

Half the ground floor is carpets and plenty of room to show them.

Free delivery to Oakland, Alameda and Berkeley.

M. FRIEDMAN & CO.

233-235-237 Post St., S. F.

Near Stockton. OPEN EVENINGS

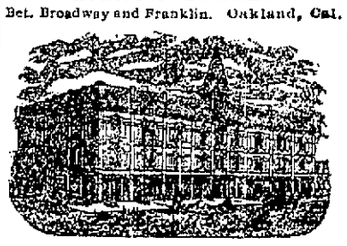
HOTELS.

GALINDO HOTEL

Mrs. B. ALLEN, Proprietress

EIGHTH STREET

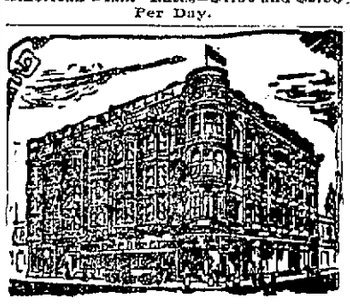
Bet. Broadway and Franklin. Oakland, Cal.



The Leading and Largest Hotel in Oakland.

Table First-class in every respect. Sample Room for Commercial Travelers. Liberal Terms to Permanent Boarders.

American Plan. Rates—$1.50 and $2.00 Per Day.



HOTEL CRELLIN

The Most Favorably Located and Appointing Hotel of Oakland, Corner Tenth and Washington streets, Oakland.

A Mon Chateau

A First-Class Family Resort

Dinners and Banquets to order. Accommodations for private picnics, bicycles parties, etc. Garden with summer houses. Take Piedmont Electric Cars to Pleasant Valley Road.

Summer Resorts

PACIFIC CONGRESS SPRINGS

Santa Clara County.

THREE HOURS FROM S. F. VIA Los Gatos; 6 months round trip ticket, $4, or via Santa Clara, $3.50. New swimming tank, 180x75 feet, and other improvements.

Hot and cold mineral baths.

Climate, scenery and location unequaled.

JOHN S. MATHESON, Manager.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING FOR A DELIGHTful and healthful resort for the Summer months for your family, not so remote from town but that you can be with them without neglecting your business.

If you are in search of a good table and comfortable sleeping apartments only 1½ hours' travel from San Francisco with half hourly communication day and evening.

If it is your wish to confine your Summer's outing by a moderate outlay, your attention is directed to HAYWARDS PARK, at the terminus of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway, or

If you are fond of tenting here you will find a large number of commodious platforms arranged convenient to the Hotel Dining Room on one of which you may erect your tent.

A choice musical program is rendered every Sunday afternoon on the verandas of the Club House. The cars of the company run into the Park. The monthly commutation rate is only $5.00, room and board $8.00 per week; board for campers $5 00 per week. Campers and roomers have the same service from attendants.

Address MRS. DONA SHANE,
Haywards Club House.

Bulk Coal Oil

60c Per Can

Stove Gasoline 70c per can if taken from the store. Coal Oil guaranteed non-explosive.

SIMONSEN & ESPELAND,

17th St. and Telegraph Ave. Tel. Red 818

AFRAID OF THE YANKEE DEVIL-SHIP.

Cervera Feared Naught But the Oregon's Gunnery.

A Graphic Story From One of Her Crew Off Santiago.

The following letter from a gunner on the Oregon, just received in this city, is full of interest:

"U. S. S. Oregon, July 5, 1898. Off Santiago de Cuba: My dear sister:—I received two letters from you in the last mail, and you may rest assured they were very welcome. I am very thankful for your kind and sympathetic words, and I fully appreciate them. But do not worry, as the conflicts we are having seem to be nothing more than a Fourth of July celebration, and from appearances, the men one and all, I judge, are tickled to death every time we go into action, although shells have been whistling around from all directions, and some of them come so close one can hear his whiskers sing an unpleasant tune.

"Day before yesterday was the day of all encounters, and the Oregon covered herself with glory.

"A prize crew was sent aboard the Cristobal Colon and took possession. The prisoners were taken aboard our different ships, where they will receive the best of treatment.

"Numerous six-pound shells struck the superstructure deck, doing quite a good deal of damage. The wounded men we have aboard now were all injured by six-pounders. The accuracy of the firing of our big guns could not be equalled. It was simply immense.

"One eight-inch shell struck the Cristobal Colon on the quarter (a shell from the Oregon, as only the Brooklyn and the Oregon were in the chase) and passed out on the other side. When our prize crew got aboard of her she had fourteen feet of water in her, and although everything was done to save her, the following morning she was on her side, but as she was partly on the beach she is plainly visible. She can easily be raised by a wrecker and as fine a cruiser as I ever gazed upon will be added to Uncle Sam's navy. She was a perfect queen. Officers and men agree that she is one of the most modern and finest cruisers floating.

"I went aboard her about 8 o'clock, as one of the boats' crew. Everywhere were groups of Spanish prisoners with their bags and hammocks and other little articles they had, waiting to be conveyed to our ships. They looked downcast and forlorn, and one would at once conjecture that they thought their lives would be forfeited. Our boys who were guarding the prisoners were asked time and again if they (Spaniards) would have their heads cut off or would be hanged on reaching our vessels. They were told that they would be treated kindly and fed well, which remark brought a look of pleasure to every man's face. It seems to me that the Spanish tars were led to believe that they would be slaughtered as soon as captured. Some of them conversed very well in English, and spoke freely about the battle.

"I heard an incident which was quite amusing, and which I have no doubt put Commodore Schley aback. The Brooklyn and Oregon started in pursuit of the Vizcaya and the Cristobal Colon. We soon overtook the Vizcaya and after defeating her ran right on for the Colon, who was quite a distance in the lead. After she had run on the beach and struck her colors, Commodore Schley met the Admiral or the Captain (I don't know which) of the Colon. Schley said to him: 'Well, Captain, we caught you after all.'

"'Oh, no,' said the gentleman from the Colon, 'you didn't; the Oregon did. I would never have struck my colors to you. The Oregon was the one I surrendered to.' He also said that if it were not for that Yankee devil, the Oregon, three of his vessels would have escaped.

"Captain Evans (Fighting Bob) told Captain Clark that it was a beautiful sight to see the Oregon. He said we went in like a bulldog and came out like one.

"Ship after ship gave the Oregon three rousing cheers, which we turned over to our Captain. We think more of our Captain every day. He is as brave as a lion and seems to be doing everything he possibly can to obtain prize money for his crew. The Cristobal Colon, which is worth about three million, belongs to the Oregon and the Brooklyn only. I expect to receive between five hundred and fifteen hundred dollars of prize money.

"I have a few curios I took from the Colon before she sank. I send you a nugget which is supposed to be gold. It was found on the Colon and given to me by the French drilling master.

"Last night we had an engagement with a ship which either tried to get out or was sunk by the Spaniards (or the Texas) to block the harbor.

"The soldiers seem to be doing well and are quite near to the city. I expect to see them in possession of the city any time. The soldiers are very brave and astonish the Spaniards greatly.

"I remain, your brother,
"ROBERT W. WHITE."

REBUILDING FUSE WORKS OPPOSED.

Part of the Melrose School Can Not Be Used For Class Purposes.

The citizens of Melrose are opposed to the rebuilding of the fuse works in that vicinity. This was the result of a meeting held there Wednesday night, which was presided over by Charles Stephenson. The recent accident was discussed and a committee consisting of J. S. Marshall, John Connor, James Murdock, E. Mynott, and William Parks was appointed to investigate and report as to what could be done in behalf of those whose homes had been injured by the explosion.

An injunction has been sought to restrain the company from rebuilding the works.

The south end of the school has been condemned for class purposes. The remainder will be gotten in readiness for use by Tuesday next.

OAKLAND TURNERS RETURN WITH LAURELS

The Turners of Oakland returned from the Bundes Turn Fest, held at San Jose on the 10th, 11th, and 12th of July, with rich laurels. As competitors in the various contests they carried off more honors than any other organization. Incidental to the general gathering there was a Gau Turn Fest, at which a number of contests were held. Five of the prizes were captured by active turners of this city. Moreover the singing section of the Oakland Turn Verein won the first prize in competition with the singing section of San Francisco Turn Verein, the Socialist Singing Section of Schwaben Verein and the Arion Society.

On Wednesday evening the Oakland Turn Verein celebrated these victories with a banquet in Germania Hall, which was participated in by many many well known Turners of this city.

ADMINISTRATOR WANTS TO RECOVER PROPERTY.

Michael Callahan, executor of the will of the late Michael Sullivan, has filed a complaint against Fred C. Cannan, administrator of the estate of Marguerite E. Cameron, to recover the possession of property which it is alleged was deeded by mistake to the defendant. It is alleged that lot No. 27, block No. 56 of the town of Clinton was intended to be conveyed to defendant by plaintiff, but in reality a parcel of property described as lot No. 9 in block No. 16 was deeded instead.

BITTER WATER!

It is not often that bitter water and sweet can be drawn from the same fountain, but 'tis a bitter pill for us to sell some of the goods we are now offering at prices we can get. 'Tis sweet to know, however, that these values go to our friends and to those who know our talk means business—Remnants were slaughtered yesterday regardless of cost or value. Some left over will go today. New lines are hunted up and offered for the first time at 8 A. M. this day.—Come while the play is good and remnant stock is intact. —It will be a glad day for everybody who has money to spend and who has wants to supply.

DRY GOODS---REMNANTS.

Here is where money is saved rapidly.

	Per yard.
Remnants 5c red, white and blue bunting	3c
Remnants 6c dark calico dress styles	3c
Remnants 5c light calico, fast color	3c
Remnants plain lawn, 10c goods	3c
Remnants 25c velveteen, few colors	15c
Remnants house lining, muslin, thin	2c
Remnants heavier house lining	3c
Remnants good brown muslin, family grade	4c up
Remnants good white muslin	5c up
Remnants Canton flannel, good	5c up
Remnants of tennis flannel, variety	5c up
Remnants of dimity and dress goods	4c up

In higher cost dress goods see our offer:

Remnants cretonne, quilting styles	5c up
Remnants table damask, red	12½c up
Remnants toweling, variety of kinds	5c up
Remnants Cashmere, evening colors	10c up
Remnants Cashmere, dark colors	10c up
Remnants Cashmere, in higher grades	18c up
Remnants of duck in dress styles	8c up
Remnants black dress fabrics	12½c up
Remnants fine wool black goods	¼ their value
Remnants lot of fine splashes and scarfs	10c up
Remnants of all-wool challie, dark	5c

FLOOR COVERS.

Remnants 5c matting, few	8c
Remnants 12½c matting	8c
Remnants 20c matting	12c
Remnants 35c matting	15c
Remnants 45c matting	25c
Remnants floor oil cloths	18c
Remnants linoleum, high grade	25c up
Remnants stair carpet, good	10c up
Remnants tapestry Brussels, fine	35c up
Remnants ingrain carpets, yard wide	20c up
Remnants wool, 2 and 3 ply	50c up
Remnants 20c table oil cloth, yard	10c
Remnants 30c table oil cloth, per yard	18c

OTHER REMNANTS.

Remnants upholstery tapestry	25c up
Remnants fine window scrim	3c up
Remnants of chenille stand covers	37c
Sample lace curtains, soiled, fine	25c up
Remnants lots of $2.50 gents' hats	$1
Remnant lots of boys' suits, 7 to 11	95c
Remnant lots little boys' $3 Jersey suits	$1.50
Remnant lots boys' percale waists	15c
Remnant lots $7 Cassimere coats	$1.50
Remnant lots $2.50 Cassimere vests	75c

Taste the fine maccaroni and cheese at the demonstration counter; all free.

Try our fine fruit and berry pies; home made; 10 cents; first floor.

White Swan Flour, fully warranted, in any quantity this week 95c.

Coffee reductions continue all this week. Save while you can.

Our one-cent articles surprise everybody who looks at them.

Wire screening, green, this week at half price—1 cent square foot.

Jelly glasses with tin cover, less than barrel lots, 2 cents each.

Sample Shoes.

Little girls' fine kid cloth top, 10, 10½, 11	50c
Boys' heavy shoes, 2 to 4	90c
Boys' heavy school shoe, 11 to 13	75c
Girls' $1.50 school button, 13, 13½	75c
Girls' or ladies' cloth and kid, 2½, 3, at	75c
Ladies' $1.50, nice kid samples, size 8	75c
Men's low shoes, out of style, 6, 7	50c
Men's $3.50 button shoes, 5 to 10	$1.25

SMITHS' CASH STORE
25-27 Market St., S. F.

THE CARPENTER MURDER STILL A MYSTERY.

The Actions of Lochner Attracting Great Attention.

The Strange Absence of the Husband of the Deceased.

The police of San Francisco are still endeavoring to unravel the mystery which envelopes the death of Mrs. Sadie Carpenter of San Francisco, who was found dead in her bed in her lodgings on Fourth street Monday morning last.

They still confine a great deal of their attention to Joseph Lochner, the man who roomed immediately beside the room of the deceased. That individual claimed that the last time he saw Mrs. Carpenter alive was about 10 o'clock last Sunday night.

Mrs. Lizzie Riley, an inmate of the same building, informed the police that on the night of the killing she heard a strange noise like that which would be produced by the rolling of a spool of cotton over a hard wood floor. Then she heard the door of Mrs. Carpenter's room close with a bang.

The officers placed Lizzie Riley in the room she occupied on Saturday night and then shut themselves in Mrs. Carpenter's room. They moved the bed slowly away from the door leading into Lochner's room and then moved it back again. Going out into the hall they slammed the door of room 10, Mrs. Carpenter's room, behind them. Mrs. Riley joined them in the hallway and said excitedly:

"That was the noise I heard that morning. What was it?"

The officers returned to the room with Mrs. Riley and repeated the performance. She said that there was no doubt of the cause of the sound.

The officers argue from this that Lochner returned to Mrs. Carpenter's room through the door leading from his own apartment.

The suspected man stated to the police and reiterated his statement yesterday that he had put his hands on the cloth about the dead woman's throat because Lizzie Riley had told him that Mrs. Carpenter was choking. Lizzie Riley denies that she said anything of the kind, and Night Clerk Priner declares that nothing of the kind was said. When confronted with these statements Lochner doggedly adhered to his story.

At the same time the officers are unable to understand the absence of Carpenter, the former husband of the dead woman. Not three weeks ago Carpenter was known to be in Lathrop. He has been missing from there, however, for some time. Two days ago the Chronicle published the fac simile of a letter written in Los Gatos by a person presuming to be the much looked-for Carpenter. It seems to be now established that the letter was a fake. At least the handwriting is not that of Carpenter, as is made apparent by a comparison of it with the writing of the missing man which was found in the possession of the murdered woman. There is no reason that can successfully be advanced for Carpenter disguising his hand, unless it be the hope that the police would not be able to discover the fact and thus be led to look on later occasions for a sample of handwriting entirely unlike Carpenter's. If the letter was in a disguised hand the purpose of Carpenter, if it was Carpenter who wrote it, was to direct the police on a false trail. On the other hand, if Carpenter is innocent of complicity in the murder, all that he would be required to do would be to show that he was not in the vicinity of the victim's room the night of the murder. Thus far, however, he does not seem to wish to afford himself the opportunity of removing the suspicion which now rests upon him in the minds of some of his acquaintances.

OFFICIAL RECORDS.

THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1898.

DEEDS.

Feb. 3, 1898—Henry Mohns and Fritz Boehmer, as assignee of Henry Mohns, (insolvent) by comr, to Jane A. Nightingill, N Lincoln av 168-2 W High st W 224 x N 130 being lots 4 to 7 blk C, Sather and Robinson tract, Ala; $2,787.

Feb. 27, 1898—Juana H. Nevis to Jos. P. Rosa, beg at SW cor lot 2, th continuing the W line thereof S 50 x W 100 being lots 29 and 30 map of lots in Pleasanton surveyed for Fred Bernal by G. L. Nusbaumer County Suurveyor, Murray Tp; $10.

June 29, 1898—Benedito, Jr., and Alodia C. Mesa to same, Beg at NE cor lot 14 on S Rose av 50 NW of cor lot 13, th S 150 W 50 to SE cor lot 10, th along E line lots 19 and 14 150 ft to beg, being lots 13 and 20 of Geo. L. Nusbaumer's survey of Rose av as made for Fred Bernal in 1882, town of Pleasanton, Murray Tp; $10.

July 21, 1898—Geo. M. and Ethel Sheldon to Annie E. Oellerich, NE cor Alcatraz av and bdry line blk 1 Central Park tract, th N 100 x W 40, being portion blk 1, Central Park tract, Bkly; $10.

June 30, 1898—Jas. and Kate E. Spiers to Phi Delta Sheta of Bkly (cptn), NE Durant av and Dana st N 130 x E 50, lot 13 blk I Beaver tract, Bkly; $100.

July 16, 1898—Clara S. Elliot to Leah P. Mett, SE Alameda av and Paru st S 75 x E 147 blk E, Oak Park, subj to deed of trust, Ala; $2,500.

MORTGAGES.

July 18, 1898—Jos and Catharina Martin to Carrie Mendell, lot 43 of Smith's sub San Leandro, 1 year 10 per cent, Eden Tp; $100.

July 21, 1898—Chas. S. Cahill to same, E Clark 100 N Parrott N 50 x E 150, city of San Leandro, 1 year 10 per cent, Eden Tp; $120.

July 20, 1898—H. D. and Caroline Austin to Wm. Pearce, N Prince 216-8 W Calais W 33-4 x N 135, 13 months 9 per cent, Bkly; $1,075.

July 20, 1898—Chas. and C. E. Clausen to same, N Prince 183-4 W Calais W 33-4 x N 135, 13 months 9 per cent, Bkly; $1,075.

June 1, 1898—Maria Winfield to Mrs. Gensine Hansen, 32.28 acres, beg at a point in E bdry line of a private road 6.04 chs NW from SW cor plot B, Taylor tract, th SE 1.32 chs SE 3.38 chs SE 1.95 chs SE 1.70 chs SE 1.46 chs SE 1 chn E 4.87 chns SE 1.88 chns NW 2.35 chs W 16.15 chs SE 16.87 chs to beg, ptn sub J, ro Las Positas, Murray Tp; $2,000.

RELEASES.

July 12, 1898—Bank of Livermore to Andrew Winfield, Mur'y Tp, 469 m 381, 32.28 acres as in mtge to Mrs. Gensine Hansen, $1500.

Marginal—Henry Black to Wm. & Carrie McFarland, Okd Anx, 464 m 217, Lot 7 blk 3, Revised Map San Pablo Villa tct, $150.

Marginal—Wm. Pearce to C. E. Clausen, Bkly, 548 m 299, N Prince st 183-4 W Calais W 66-8 x N 135 blk J, Harmon tct, $2150.

RECONVEYANCES.

July 19, 1898—H. Sevening & J. E. Baker trs Alameda Savings Bank to Clara S. Elliott, 645 d 49, S Alameda av 109 E Paru st E 38 x S 75, Ala, partial.

ATTACHMENTS.

July 21, 1898—Paul Keyser vs. Jennie E. Cotton, S Jones st 440 W Telegraph av W 60 x S 100 blk 2004, Jones tct, Okd, $186. Writ from Justice Court, Okd Tp.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE.

July 21, 1898—Flora M. Millar to E. B. Thorne, furniture etc in dwelling known as "The Lorne" at 562 8th st, Okd, Apr. 21, 1899, $500.

HOMESTEADS.

July 21, 1898—Mary E. Belby wf Frank M., declaration, W Hyde 150 N Calhan av N 60 x E 100 blk 5, East San Leandro, Eden Tp, $1800.

CATTLE BRAND.

July 21, 1898—Cattle Brand "JH" of Susan Ellis Hewston. Filed at request of Susan Ellis Hewston.

SUPERIOR COURT ACTIONS.

15,345-D 2—Lizzie L. Heath vs. John H. Heath, divorce, A. F. St. Sure.

15,346-D 2—Est. Michael Sullivan by extr vs. Dana M. Cannon et al, to deliver deed into court that the same be reformed by substituting the description of ppty lastly herein described for ppty firstly herein described and to deliver to pltff a deed of all int; following is the ppty: Lot 27 blk 56, of James B. Larue's Addn to Clinton, E Okd; Lot 9 blk 16, San Antonio, E Okd, Fitzgerald and Abbott.

JUDGMENTS.

15,273—R. W. Gorrill vs. Harvey S. Brown, $600 and costs $8.

15,022—Virginia M. Cook vs. Francis S. Cook, decree of divorce.

15,302—Lizzie A. Clark vs. Jas. A. Clark, Same.

ESTATES.

5,795-D 4—Estate of Elizabeth Linfoot, application for probate of will by Benjamin F. Mason, real ppty $9000; attorneys, Nye & Kinsell.

COMMISSIONERS SALES.

July 25, 1898—Cal. Safe Deposit & Trust Co. as trustee of the trusts created by the mortgage of the Highland Park and Fruitvale R. R., bearing date of April 15, 1893, vs. Highland Park & Fruitvale R. R., lots 5, 6, 7, blk 39, town of Clinton, E. Okd; SW E-12th st 216.50 NW Commerce st SW 100 SW to intersection with N line C. P. R. R. Co.'s right of way, th NW to the intersection with NE E-11th st NW to a point distant 175 E from SE 13th av, NE 25, th on a curve to left with radius of 56.20 ft 60.20 ft, th NE on a tangent parallel with 13th av 222 to SW E-12th st, th SE 31.03 to beg blk 39, Clinton, E Okd; NE E-12h st 225 SE 13th av SE 37 x NE 375, blk B, Clinton, Okd; N E-14th st 271-6 E 13th av N to SE-22d st E 25 S to N E-14th st W to beg, sub to rights of way, etc., E Okd; E cor E-22d st and 13th av NE 75 E 100 NE 50 SE 50 NE 175 SE 196-10 SW 314-4 NW 152-8 to beg blk 140, Clinton, E Okd; all int in strip land 15 ft wide described in deed J. V. Webster et al to Bklyn and Fruitvale R. R. Co. and recorded in 113 d 206; SE Montgomery and Union sts E 101-11½ SW to intersection with E Union st, th N 200 to beg blk N, new town of Lynn, E Okd; beg at NE cor Beulah Park ppty in S line Hopkins st at NW cor lands of Contra Costa Water Co., th SW 32 ft NW 310 ft with a radius of 520 ft curving to the left 130, th E on a curved line 205 SE 242 to beg, E Okd; S Hopkins st at NW cor lands of Redding, th on a curved line to the right with a radius of 213.72 ft 179.29 ft, th reversing said curved line with a radius of 260 ft SE 342.58 SW 35 N 639 ft, E Okd; beg at SW cor Webster Hts tract, th SE 657 ft, th W on a curved line with a radius of 217.5 ft 127 ft, th NW 535 NE 35 ft to beg, Bklyn Tp; .66 of an acre beg at a point in div line bet the lands of Dawley and Webster, distant SE 125 from SE Hopkins st, th SW 440 NW 269, th on a line curving to the left with a radius of 190 ft 300 ft, th on a tangent 245 ft NE 35 to beg, Bklyn Tp; SE Hopkins st at SW cor lands of E. C. Sessions, th SE 125, th on a curved line to the right with a radius of 190 ft 250 ft to a point in S line Hopkins st, th W 700 to beg, Bklyn Tp; S Hopkins st 34 E Fruitvale av S 108 E 116 N 65 NW to a point W to beg, with exception, Bklyn Tp; also all street railroads, franchises, etc. At 2 P. M. in front of Broadway entrance to Court House.

CONSTABLE SALES.

July 25, 1898—J. S. Kimball vs. Linda M. Knowles (Adams), E cor 21st av and E-21st st NE 117-6 x SE 100 blk 67, map of lots in Bklyn, E Okd. At 10 A. M. in front of Court House.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $4.05@4.75; bakers' extras, $4.40@4.50 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $7; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4.25; oat groats, $4.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@4.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.50; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.50@6.20; in sacks, $5.50@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

MIDDLINGS—$20@22 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS — Rolled barley, $26; oilcake at the mill, $31@31.50; jobbing, $32@32.50; cocoanut cake, $24@25; cottonseed meal, $28@30 per ton; cornmeal, $23@23.50; cracked corn, $24@24.50.

BRAN—$15.50@16.50 per ton.

HAY—Wheat and oat, $15.50@18.50; oat, $15@17; barley, ——; compressed wheat, $21@24; compressed oat, $16@18; alfalfa, $12.50@13; clover, $13@14.50.

NEW HAY — Wheat, $13.50@19; island barley, $14@16.

STRAW—60@85c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.90@2.95; small whites, $1.80@1.90; large whites, $1.75@1.85; pinks, $2.60@2.70; reds, $2.75@2.85; blackeye, 5½@3.25; butters, $1.60@2; limas, $2.80@2.90; pea, $1.90@2; red kidneys, $2.5?@2.75 per ctl.

SEEDS — Brown mustard, $4@5 per ctl; yellow mustard, $4.50@5; flax, $2@2.15; canary seed, 2¼@2½c per lb; alfalfa, 3@5c; rape, 2½@2¾c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5½c.

DRIED PEAS — Niles, $1.70@2; green, $2@2.10 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Salinas burbanks, 75@85c; new potatoes, 50@60c for early rose and 50@65c for burbanks in sacks.

ONIONS—New, 25@50c per sack for red and 55c for yellow.

VEGETABLES—Green peas, 2½c per lb; string beans, 2@5c; summer squash, 35@40c box; dried pepers, 5@6c lb; dried okra, 12½c; cabbage, 50@60c per ctl; carrots, 30@50c per sack; garlic, 2@3c lb; cucumbers, 50@85c per box; Vacaville tomatoes, 50@75c per box.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES — Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 10@18c; granulated raw, 13c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 18c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY — Live turkeys, 12@15c for gobblers and 12@13c for hens; geese, per pair, 75c@$1; goslings, 75c@$1; ducks, $2.75@3 for old, $3@5 for young; hens, $3.50@5; roosters, young, $6@7; roosters, old, $3.50@5; fryers, $5@5.50; broilers, $3.50@4 for large and $2@3 for small; pigeons, $1.25@1.75 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 20@21c; seconds, 18@19c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 17@18c; second grades, 15c.

Eastern Butter — Ladle packed, 14@15c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 8c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 8@9c; Eastern, 12@13c per lb.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 16@18c per dozen; store eggs, 12@14c; duck eggs, 16c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS — Strawberries, $3@4.50 per chest for large and $7 for small berries; apples, 40@50c per box for common, 75c@$1 for good to choice and 20@40c basket; Royal Anne, 50@60c box; currants, $2@3.50 chest; blackberries, $3@4 crate; plums, 40@75c per crate and 25@50c per box; apricots, 40@75c per box and 50@65c per crate for royals; peaches, 25@75c per box and 60@90c per basket; gooseberries, 1@2c per lb for common and 3½@4c for English.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1.50@2.50; seedlings, 50c@$1; lemons, $1@1.25 for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $3.50@4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $3@4 per dozen.

PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS—Bacon—9c per lb for heavy, 9½c for light medium, 10c for light, 11c for extra light and 12@12½c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10½@11c; California hams, 9½@10c; mess beef, $10.50 per bbl; extra mess beef, $11; family beef, $11@12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $17@17.50; mess, $15; smoked beef, 12c per lb.

LARD — Eastern tierces quoted at 6c per lb for compound and 8c for pure; pail, 8¼c; California tierces, 6½c per lb for compound and 7½c for pure; half barrels, 7¼c; 10 lb tins, 8¼c; 5 lb tins, 8¾c.

COTTOLENE — Tierces, 6¾@7½c packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 9½c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8¾c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8¾c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7¾c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 8½c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7¾c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7¾c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4½@5½c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 4@5c; small, 6@7c per lb.

MUTTON — Wethers, 7½@8c; ewes, 7@7½c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 8@8½c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 4½@4¾c for large and 4¾@5c for medium; stock hogs, 2@3½c; dressed hogs, 6@7½c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS — Calcutta grain bags, 5@5¼c; wool bags, nominal; San Quentin, $4.85.

COAL — Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; Coos Bay, $5; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $7.50; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $14 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 6½c; dry granulated, 5⅞c; confectioners' A, 5⅝c; magnolia A, 5½c; extra C, 5¾c; golden C, 5¼c per lb; half bbls ½c more than bbls, candy granulated, 6c; California A, 5⅝c; and boxes ½c more.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC.

RAISINS—2@2¼c for two crown, 3c for three crown, 3¼c for four crown, 4½c for seedless sultanas, 2¾c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.15 for London layers; dried grapes, 2½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Prunes, carload lots, 4¼@5c for 40-50's, 4¾@4½c for 50-60's, 3¾@4c for 60-70's, 2½@3c for 70-80's, 2@2½c for 80-90's, 1¾@2c for 90-100's; peaches, 3@5c; fancy, 5½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@6½c for royals and 7@8c for good to fancy moorparks; evaporated apples, 7½@8c; sun-dried, 4½@5c; black figs in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 4½@4¾c for pitted and 1¼@1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5¾c; nectarines, 4@5c for prime to fancy; pears, 2½@4½c for quarters and 3@5½c for halves, according to color, etc.

NUTS—Chestnuts, 8c per lb; walnuts, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell and 8½@9c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for hardshell, 4@6c for softshell; pecans, 5½@8c; filberts, 9½@10c; Brazil nuts, 8@9c per lb; cocoanuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4¾@5½c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS — Heavy salted steers, 10@11c; medium, 9½@10c; light, dry calf, 12@13c; culls, 16@17c; and brands, 13@13½c; dry kip and veal, deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; goatskins, 30@37½c each; kids, 5@10c; medium, 20c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 40@70c each; medium, 60@90c; long wools, 90c@$1.20 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3½@3¾c lb; No. 2, 2@2½c; refined, 4½@4¾c; grease, 2c.

WOOL—Fall clip—San Joaquin, defective, 7@10; southern mountain, 9@11; free northern, 12@14c; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; Valley Oregon, 15@17c.

HOPS—1897 crop, 9@12½c per lb.

The Flor De Piedmont.

Is a pure Havana cigar, popular with everybody. Ask for it. Robt. Kuerzel, manufacturer, Eighth and Broadway.

For fine old Kentucky bourbon and rye whisky, brandies and wines, go to Theo. Gier Co., 512-516 Fourteenth street.

Plumbing by Planer

Is done to last. Lowest prices. Prompt attention. Anywhere in Oakland. Call up telephone black-14. 1202 San Pablo.

The Drum.

Is the place for beer on tap, and for all other drinks, served quietly. Rooms for families. M. T. Conway, formerly with W. M. Watson & Co., 964 Washington. Telephone red 2146.

"Wanted" Storage Goods.

Storage taken from 35c upwards; best and safest building in Oakland to leave your furniture, etc., at H. Schellhaas', 408 Eleventh st.

Special Sale.

Household goods, chairs, rockers, lounges, bedroom furniture, mattings, oilcloths, stoves, crockery and glassware must be sacrificed this week at 408 Eleventh street, H. Schellhaas' old store, entrance near corner. Telephone 852 blue.

The Anheuser-Busch Saloon

Is a resort for gentlemen. There are sandwiches, frankfurters and any sort of lunch to order, with a surety of nice association. Bandle & Sonderleiter, props. Ninth st near Washington.

ADVERTISEMENTS

M. Isaacs

(Formerly with Joseph Harris)

HAS OPENED THE

Oakland Clothing Co.

863 BROADWAY

Next Door to New York Tea Co. - Oakland.

With a Complete Assortment of

Men's and Boys' Clothing

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Trunks, Etc.

IT WILL BE A STORE FOR HONEST VALUES.



"I wish I had not eaten that salad."

"Why? I thought it was excellent."

"So it was, but it has given me indigestion. It distresses me fearfully."

"Oh, that's easily cured. Swallow this. You'll be all right in ten minutes."

"What is it?"

"A Ripans Tabule!"

"Do you carry them around with you?"

"I do, indeed! Ever since I heard about them, I keep one of the little vials in my vest pocket."

A new style package containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (FIFTY TABULES) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents

POORMAN

Repairs Stoves, Garden Hose, Pumps, and also does a general Plumbing business. See him before having your work done.

Tel. White 991. 7th & Adeline Sts

The Oakland Paving Co.

With the benefit of twenty years' experience in a quarry, the rock from which is the hardest, toughest and most durable yet used for macadamizing in this State, will execute municipal and private contracts for all branches of street work, and will continue to fill orders for the shipment of its rock to other cities. Office—Rooms 321-322 Central Bank Building, Oakland, Cal.

BOYER'S BOQUET CIGAR IS SMOKED BY ALL OAKLAND

BROWN & McKINNON

—OLDEST—
Merchant Tailors
IN OAKLAND.

We carry a full line of desirable staple goods and latest novelties.

. . . SPRING GOODS JUST IN . . .

Hvarts Block - - - 1108 BROADWAY



N. Y. LING

CHINESE TEA and HERB SANITARIUM

Describes all kinds o Diseases by feeling of the pulse.

Recently from the Pekin China Medical College.

555 SEVENTH ST.,

Bet. Clay and Jefferson Sts. Oakland, Cal.

Office Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 5, 6 to 9.

CONSULTATION FREE.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1867

952 BROADWAY

East Side - Bet. 9th and 10th Sts.

WM. WILSON

Jeweler . . . Watchmaker Optician . .

30 YEARS IN OAKLAND HERE YET

Dr. LUM WEH Chinese Physician

Guarantees the cure of the most obstinate COUGHS and of CONSUMPTION

Prices Reasonable and a Cure Guaranteed

367 Ninth St. - - Oakland

NEW LOUVRE

BOUFE

14th and Broadway - Oakland

"Pete," the favorite chef, late of the *Athenia Club*, in charge.

J. J. CARROLL, - Prop.

KEEP COOL—DRINK HIRES ROOT BEER

Dr. AMBROSE SANDER



the Reliable Specialist, has Reopened his Offices at

908 Washington Street

Bet. 8th & 9th Sts., over the Central Market.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DISEASES OF WOMEN confidentially and successfully treated.

No diseases peculiar to Ladies' delicate organization is beyond my sure control.

PRIVATE DISEASES of both sexes a specialty.

ALL BLOOD DISEASES QUICKLY CURED

CONSULTATION FREE.

Medicines by treatment furnished free of charge.

TERMS REASONABLE.

W. H. PARRISH

Successor to Tate & Parrish.

Truck and Expressman



STAND AN OFFICE

842 BROADWAY, - OAKLAND

I am prepared to move Heavy Granite, all kinds of Merchandise, and make a specialty of moving Safes.

All orders promptly attended to at lowest rates. Telephone 554.

RESIDENCE.....1845 WEBSTER ST.

THE LEAGUE CONVENTION A GREAT SUCCESS

Republican Clubs Do Honor to This State.

D. Edward Collins Tells How California Was Treated.

"There was nothing but jubilation from start to finish," says D. Edward Collins, speaking of the National League of Republican clubs, which recently closed its doors in Omaha and to which he was a delegate. Mr. Collins has just returned from the gathering. While this State was entitled to thirteight votes, there were only six delegates from California in attendance, Colonel George Stone, of San Francisco; Frank H. Short, of Fresno; J. Strohl, of Napa; McCulloch, of Salinas; George H. Adams, of Los Angeles, and Mr. Collins himself. Frank Short was made a member of the resolutions committe and Mr. Collins of the credentials committee in the convention, and Mr. Collins was also complimented by being named a member of the executive committee.

"The event of the convention," Mr. Collins said, "was the election of Colonel Stone to be national president. At the beginning there were five or six candidates—Sobel of Pennsylvania, Boyd of Maryland, Dingley of Michigan, Raymond of Illinois and a few more, besides the Californian. But the Western States rallied around Colonel Stone, and it was soon recognized that the fight was between him and J. Cookman Boyd of Maryland. On the first ballot Stone had about 600 votes and Boyd about 700. Then changes began in favor of Stone, who got Kansas and Tennessee. Befor the second ballot was concluded Stone had been nominated. Sobel of Pennsylvania, who saw he had no chance, announced 130 votes for Stone. This started the stampede, and Boyd moved to make the election unanimous. All the other candidates seconded it, and the motion was carried with great enthusiasm.

"Colonel Stone was escorted to the chair and assumed the duties of presiding officer, for which position he manifested unusual fitness. He proved to be a very popular man and made friends wherever he went.

"Some effort was made to get the convention to agree to meet next year in California, but the objection of the distance was raised. Finally the selection of a meeting place was left to the executive committee, and San Francisco may yet be selected. There was a good deal of talk about California and the speakers several times referred to the great commercial future opening before the State in consequence of the annexation of the Islands. Frank Short was one of the speakers in the great mass meeting at the auditorium and did himself credit.

"The Nicaragua canal was not mentioned in the platform adopted, but it was not from any feeling of hostility or indifference; in fact, the argument was used that the Nicaragua Canal had been mentioned so often in Republican platforms that it had become commonplace.

"The exposition in Omaha is very fine and it is declared that in certain ways it eclipses the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago. The great feature is the electric illumination, which is beautiful. Some of the State buildings are very handsome, and we regretted that California is not represented by a building. But Los Angeles county has put an exhibit in the horticultural which is the best one in that department of the show.

"Business is good in that country, and Nebraska is prosperous, having had two years of splendid crops. Our train rolled through a constant succession of magnificent grain and cornfields all the way from the western line to Omaha. Another year of good prices is anticipated, and all the banks in Omaha are full of money—so full they don't know what to do with it."

OUR FREE LIBRARY.

Editor Tribune:—An Eastern gentleman of literary tastes and culture paid Oakland a visit a few days ago to take a look at the "Athens of the Pacific," as he had heard it denominated; and after taking a drive through the city and admiring its natural advantages, and wondering why the city did not improve its beautiful water park—remarking that such a perfect gem should have a beautiful setting, which would make it the envy of every visitor—he next asked to be shown our public library, remarking that "the Athens of course excelled in literature as did its namesake."

I confessed that Oakland in this regard did not excel, but what we had he should see, and I hoped he would not, through politeness, forego criticism.

"Oh, you know I am outspoken in all things," he remarked. "You know my failing is to speak my mind—especially in the matter of literature."

I took him to the building, explaining that it was the same building turned over to the city some twenty years ago by the Oakland Library Association, together with the library, on conditions that the city should make it a free public library, and ever after maintain it for the benefit of the people.

"Not a portentious building," he remarked. "But this is but the shell, let us go in and see what manner of food is contained therein."

We went in—examined the contents of the shelves, which he pronounced "good, but small for your Athens."

Then I explained to him that there had been very little increase in the number of volumes for the past five years.

"How is that?" said he, "your city is growing, and your public library should at least keep pace with the growth of your city."

I again explained that the people had clamored for free reading rooms, and these cost per year $7,500.50, which reduced the funds of the library to such an extent that only sufficient money was left for rebinding and for replacing worn-out volumes.

"Yes," said he, "we tried that fad in my home city, but we found that it didn't pay. These reading rooms scattered about the city we found were lounging places, and discontinued them, having instead a large reading room connected with the library building—the first floor being devoted principally to that purpose. It worked well, and the cost of reading rooms scattered about the city for loungers was saved, and the money devoted to the purchase of books, and in a few years the number of volumes was doubled. We had a better variety, more copies to accommodate the increasing patrons; and I would advise your people to do away with the reading room fad, which we found to be a humbug. The more patrons you have, the more interest will be taken in your public library, and it will not be many years before the people will demand a building commensurate with the importance of your public library. You have a good foundation—build upon it—concentrate rather than divide your resources. If you would build up a public library creditable to your city. And let me add, public libraries are not only great educators of the people, but save the people the cost of maintaining private libraries, and therefore the whole people are directly interested in building them up, as the storehouses of knowledge to which all have access, and for the support of which all pay in proportion to their means, and the contributions should not be frittered away upon fads, such as your reading rooms."

The gentleman's remarks are worthy of consideration, and are referred to the intelligent people of this city, as well as to the Board of Free Library Trustees—by a

FRIEND OF THE LIBRARY.

M. C. CHAPMAN MADE A VERY TRITE REPLY.

Answers a Communication Regarding His Political Stand.

Editor Tribune:—My attention has just been called to a publication in last evening's issue of the Enquirer, in which my name as well as that of W. R. Davis is freely used. The communication is annomous, and, I presume for prudential reasons, for it is suggested that the writer is an ex-convict. Whether this is true or not, I do not know, as his name is most cautiously withheld and I have no other means of verifying the report, save the intrinsic evidence of the article itself. I cannot consent however to bandy words, even with an alleged criminal. If he is not such, he is to say the least, a cowardly bush-whacker who fears "to come out in the open," and therefore merits no further attention, until his friends have infused enough courage into his backbone to induce him to come out of his place of concealment and to disclose his identity.

Dr. Pardee in his speeches extols the character, qualifications and ability of Mr. Davis. Doctor Pardee in his newspaper, the Enquirer, as the instigation of anonomous communications, falsify, willfully, and with his malice aforethought, grossly misrepresents Davis and attempts to place him in a false light before the people. In this assuming the character of Doctor Jeckel and Mr. Hdye, the evidently thinks to extend his supposed popularity both to the better and the criminal elements. The people who have cowardice demand that the Doctor quit his double dealing, and meet his defeat in the open light of day.

M. C. CHAPMAN.

Oakland, Cal., July 22, 1898.

IN THE COURTS TODAY

The final account of L. G. Burpee, administrator of the estate of W. T. Myles, deceased, shows receipts aggregating $14,810.35.

Frank L. Potter has petitioned for the probate of the will of Gottlieb Bahr, deceased. The property is valued at $1,000.

Sara T. Ingalls, an insolvent, yesterday petitioned the court to set aside for her use the homestead situated at Fulton street and Bancroft way, Berkeley.

Inventory and appraisement of the estate of O. H. Burnham, deceased, shows a total valuation of $217.50.

Mrs. Michael Stokes has filed a petition for the probate of the will of Catherine Casey, deceased. The property is valued at $1,000.

J. B. Lanktree, Bryan Bradley and E. H. Warren have been appointed appraisers of the estate of Elizabeth Sansom, deceased.

Benjamin F. Masau has petitioned for the probate of the will of Elizabeth Linfoot, deceased. The property consists of twenty-four acres of land in Brooklyn Township, valued at $9000. Decedent leaves a surviving husband and son.

Inventory and appraisement of the estate of Edward H. Seaver, filed today, shows a total valuation of $103.

Final account of Joseph Stalder, Jr., administrator of the estate of Rodney Q. Barlow, shows total receipts of $1,502.25, against expenditures aggregating $172.25.

Carrie Fross-Snyder, executrix of the estate of Mary C. Dalziel, deceased, has filed report and petition for distribution. The estate is valued at $18,418.80. The total receipts of cash are $3,289.05, and expenditures $2,600.52, leaving a balance of $688.53.

Funeral of C. Streitberger.

The funeral of Christopher Streitberger took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the undertaking parlors of Henry Evers. Interment was private.

Elmhurst Republicans

The Elmhurst Republican Club will meet tonight at Red Men's Hall.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



"A sound mind in a sound body" is an axiom of good health. This is secured with The Bitters REMOVING LIVER AND Kidney Trouble, and arresting all undue waste of the tissues.

NOTES FROM THE WHITE CITY AT FRUITVALE.

Removal Talk of the Camp of the Eighth.

Colonel Carrington Made the Recipient of a Sword.

A rumor is in circulation at Camp Barrett that the next move the camp will make will be to the Presidio. There has been no confirmation of the story, and the only reason on which it seems to be based is the fact that the regiment would have a better chance, in connection with the other regiments, to take part in brigade drills.

The headquarters tent, kitchens, and everything which remained on the original site of the camp after the removal across the Leona Heights track were moved yesterday and the new camp now presents a united appearance.

Mrs. Partridge, the wife of Captain Partridge of San Jose, is visiting her husband in camp.

The Red Cross ladies are sewing on chevrons and cooking edibles for the sick.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock the regimental band will give a concert in front of Colonel Henshaw's headquarters.

General R. H. Warfield, Lieutenant Colonel J. G. Giesting, assistant Adjutant General; Lieutenant Colonel Hansen, brigade surgeon; Major James Margo, brigade quartermaster; and Major Charles Jansen, brigade inspector, all of the Second Brigade, N. G. C., arrived in camp yesterday and Major Hansen addressed Lieutenant Colonel F. de L. Carrington, and in a neat speech presented him with a sword and belt on behalf of the Second Brigade staff, N. G. C., as a token of the esteem and friendship of the staff.

SERVING HIS LAST WEEK IN OFFICE.

Postmaster White Will Yield to Mr. Friend Next Sunday.

William H. Friend will succeed J. J. White as postmaster of this city next Sunday. There is little formality in the transfer. Postal Inspector Munro will take an inventory of all the property in Mr. White's possession, and Mr. Friend will receipt for the same and will at once take office.

Charles O. Alexander will be the Assistant Postmaster, but he may not succeed Mr. Martin for a month. The naming of the janitor is still in abeyance.

MRS. BEN WADE DIES IN EAST OAKLAND.

Many Friends Extend Heartfelt Sympathy to the Bereaved Husband.

Mrs. Dora Wade, the young wife of Ben L. Wade of East Oakland, died suddenly at her home yesterday. Mrs. Wade has been a bride of a year and during this time has made many warm friends. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Brown of Minneapolis, and her marriage to Mr. Wade was a society event. She was an accomplished and charming woman, whose loss will be keenly felt. Mr. Wade has the sympathy of a wide circle of friends in his deep affliction.

Creditors of Mercy M. Gray.

Judge S. P. Hall yesterday issued an order requiring all creditors of the estate of the late Mercy M. Gray to present claims to the Public Administrator.

DR. J. L. MILTON

Has moved from the Central Bank building to Canning block, 1115 Broadway. Office hours, 1:30 to 2:30 P. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. Telephone white 874.

Over 3,000 Articles 3c Upwards.

Will be displayed on sale at Schellhaas' old store, 408 Eleventh st.

The Theo. Gier Co. are the sole agents of the renowned Eagle Brand of liqueurs and cordials.

Special Notice.

All articles at H. Schellhaas' old store are selling at about half regular price; bedroom and parlor goods, wool mattresses, in fact household goods of all kinds, 408 Eleventh street, near Franklin. See our goods and prices. Folding beds, lounges, cot beds, camp chairs. Telephone 852 blue.



Using gas for fuel is essentially an American idea.

There is no Nation on Earth our superior in inventive genius

TheAmerican succeeds both in Peace and War, because he is quick to appreciate modern improvements. Don't loose time. Get a Gas Range and be prepared for all emergencies.

DAVIS SPEAKS IN THE FIRST WARD.

Tells What Will Be Required to Secure the Nomination.

W. R. Davis' friends held a meeting in the hall of the Portuguese Union on Pacific, near Willow street, last night. There was a fair sized audience. The meeting was called to order by M. Baptista, who introduced Mr. Davis to the audience.

"One would think," said Mr. Davis, "from the ideas expressed by some people in Oakland, that the Governorship was going to be settled by some precinct or ward in this city or county. They will find out their mistake when the convention is called. There are fifty-six counties besides this one—a majority of their delegates have to be satisfied, have to approve the name we of Alameda county shall present. We can present the name, but they endorse or reject it. We propose, but they dispose of it. That convention will consist of 750 or 780 delegates, of which Alameda county will have not one-tenth. As it will take more than five-tenths to nominate a candidate, Alameda will have to have the endorsement of the other fifty-six counties.

"You cannot get the facts as to the outside counties from that part of the Oakland press whose interest it is not to give those facts. You have not been told by these Oakland papers that thirty-three newspapers in this State, from north to south, and from the bay to the mountains, unsolicited and, unbought, have come out and advocated the nomination of the man whose name my friends have presented. What do these thirty-three newspapers represent? Don't you think they are of more consequence to Alameda county than the precincts of any ward in Oakland? Those counties will dispose of our case. We must present our case to their satisfaction. Our own satisfaction alone will mean nothing. That is well worth your thinking about.

"If it were good fellows alone that were needed, Los Angeles might say at the convention, 'Why, we have 600 good fellows down here, nominate them.' Shasta would say, 'We have 250 good fellows in our county, nominate one of them.' What we must have is a name that the State Republicans will endorse, and one who can overcome a Democratic vote. What we want is a Republican Governor. The Democratic party has done nothing for the country in the past thirty years. The Republican party has taken every step of progress that this country has taken in the past forty years. It makes no difference what you look at, whether war or reconstruction of the States, finance or internal improvements, protection of our industries or financial honor—everything in our national progress is the work of the Republican party. I believe in upholding it, not in assailing it. It is the very vanguard of our people; it pioneers the whole of this nation's work. I want California Republican in 1898 and in 1900, and I want Alameda county recognized. Is not this what you want, what we all want? Now, you study out what you think the other counties will do and will not do, and I shall be satisfied."

A BATTLE AT MANZANILLO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MADRID, July 22, 11 A. M.—A private dispatch from Havana says that an American force landed near Manzanillo, province of Santiago, on Tuesday evening. The Spanish troops guarding the approaches of the bay, the dispatch add, opened fire on the invaders, to which the Americans replied. An attack on the town by sea and land was expected by the time this message was sent. The crews of the Spanish gunboats which were sunk, reached the land and, according to the Havana message, saved most of their kits.

FRENCH BLOCKADE RUNNER CAUGHT.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 22.—The French steamer Olinde Rodriguez was brought into this port this morning in charge of a prize crew from the cruiser New Orleans. The steamer was captured off San Juan de Porto Rico. She was warned July 5th by the cruiser not to enter the port. July 17th the Rodriguez appeared again, making for the harbor. The New Orleans sent two shots across her bow and brought her to. She had twenty-three cabin and fourteen steerage passengers and a cargo of coffee and tobacco.

SAN LUIS WILL SOON SURRENDER.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The War Department has posted the following:

"SANTIAGO, July 22.—Adjutant-General Corbin, Washington: Sent two troops of cavalry with Spanish officers and Lieutenant Miley to receive surrender of Spanish troops at San Luis. They had not heard of loss of Cervera's fleet or of Toral's surrender. They declined to surrender unless they could come in and see for themselves. A detachment of officers and men came last night and returned this morning, apparently satisfied.

"SHAFTER."

Noted Stock Brokers Fail.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Corson & Macartney, for some years the leading stock brokering firm in this city, made an assignment today to Charles M. Robinson, one of the firm's employes. The liabilities are stated at $261,143; assets $36,095. The failure is ascribed to bad investments and losing speculations.

The firm became known throughout the country owing to allegations that through it Senators and others of national prominence speculated in sugar while the tariff bill was pending. For refusal to answer certain questions asked by the investigating committee, Mr. Macartney was tried, but the Government lost its case. His health has been very poor for many months, and this doubtless contributed to the assignment.

Hotel Fire at Sacramento.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, July 22.—The Tremont Hotel was damaged by fire this morning. Loss $1,200; insured.

BOARD OF TRADE CONSIDERS SOME CITY AFFAIRS.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade this morning, M. J. Keller, Chairman of the committee appointed to confer with the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce in regard to getting the railroad rates equalized, reported that he had received a communication from Mr. Allen stating that the Chamber had interviewed the Southern Pacific Company officials and that they took the matter into their own hands and made rates to suit themselves. The Chamber neither approved nor disapproved of the rates. Mr. Keller recommended that the Board should further co-operate with the Chamber and try to have the rates better regulated.

John F. Towle reported that the committee appointed to confer with the Lake Merritt Sanitary Improvement Club and had met and discussed matters with the club. He said that they were all agreed that the improvements should be made but there was some divergence of opinion as to who should bear the expense of the east side sewer. The manner of conducting the details of the work had not been decided upon. Some of the committee were in favor of having the city at large bear the expense of the whole improvement.

Frank K. Mott said it would be a mistake for the city to build the sewer on private property; that it would be illegal, and the Board should put itself on record as being against it. He declared the property owners should stand the cost of the east side sewer the same as for any other sewer. If we were to build a culvert or breakwater in the lake than it would be proper for the city to stand the expense.

Colonel Lyman Bridges then referred to the plan of sewerage submitted by Rudolph Hering. He said that every dollar expended in building a sewer south of Eighth street to Sessions Basin would be lost as it could not be permanent. There would be a friction between the United States Government and the city because the Government would want the land for commerce. He thought that the best system to adopt would be to have a main intercepting sewer running through to Peralta street and from there out to deep water in the estuary.

Mr. Keller said he did not see how the east side sewer proposition could be separated from the plan to improve the sanitary conditions of that district. He said if the sewage was drained into the estuary that it would be washed back by the tide into Lake Merritt and their efforts to cleanse the Lake would be futile. It should not be an improvement of one section. It should cover all.

A. D. Pryal suggested the idea of de-odorizing the sewage and using it for fertilizing as is done by many European cities. He said that $500,000 is expended annually for fertilizing.

Mr. Towle thought that it would be too expensive at present as we do not need the fertilizing as much as European countries and that they only cover expenses by the process.

Mr. Keller said that the East Side sewer would cost $40,000 to $50,000, and the residents could not stand it. He suggested that they continue to cooperate with the Improvement Club and that as many of the Board as could should be present next Monday at the Council meeting when the matter will be further considered.

A motion was carried to combine the executive committee with the sanitary committee in order to work more effectively with the Improvement Club.

A communication from the president of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce was read and filed. It was as follows:

"San Francisco, June 18, 1898.

"Dear Sirs:—We beg to hand you herewith printed newspaper copy of a letter from Mr. G. Williams, secretary of the International Exhibition, Coolgardie, Western Australia, which explains itself. We wish to commend this to your careful consideration, particularly as the attention of our merchants and manufacturers is now directed more than at any other period of our history to the necessity of extending trade beyond our borders and opening the markets of the world to our many products, both raw and manufactured.

"We have reached the point where the value of our manufactures exported have exceeded the value of foreign manufactures imported. For the ten months of the last fiscal year the excess is reported at $40,000,000.

"This, it is hoped, is only the commencement, and we predict this exhibition will afford an opportunity not to be lost of pushing our products to the front, particularly to points on the Pacific Ocean, which has been referred to as destined to be the seat of the great commercial contest looming up in the near future.

"We have been notified recently that the time of the opening of the exhibition has been postponed to March 21, 1899.

"We respectfully request you to place this subject before your merchants and manufacturers, trusting that they will see clearly their way to endeavor to extend their business by taking advantage of the International Exhibition at Coolgardie, Western Australia.

"HUGH CRAIG, President."

J. P. Taylor stated the condition of affairs in regard to the Alice-street bridge. He said the Supervisors wanted the consent of the two cities before they made any definite move. Alameda has already given her consent to the proposed bridge, but is not decided about standing the whole expense of the approach on their side, as it will cost about $1,100, while the approach on the Oakland side will cost only about $200. It is the opinion there that the expenses should be more evenly divided. "The matter will come up before the Council next meeting and we should all be there to push the matter through," he said.

The Polytechnic Business College, Twelfth and Clay streets, and Manuel Henas, a grocer, 961 East Fourteenth street, were elected members of the Board and the meeting then adjourned.

Civil War Captain Dead.

MILWAUKE, Wis., July 22.—Captain Otto Lehfeldt, well known by all marine men along the chain of lakes, is dead, after an illness of three weeks. He took an active part in the civil war, being an officer of the army on the battleship Octoraria, which captured many prizes.

Treasury Cash Balance.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Today's statement of the condition of the Treasury shows an available cash balance of $253,720,129.

CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS

FRANK C. JORDAN
(Present Incumbent)
Candidate for re-election to the office of
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAS. A. WEBSTER
(Formerly County Treasurer)
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
SHERIFF
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

LEGAL.

REFEREE'S SALE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

JEREMIAH QUINLAN, Plaintiff,
vs.
PATRICK ROACH SR., ET AL., Defendants.

Under and by virtue of an interlocutory decree duly given and made in the above entitled action on the 30th day of April, 1898, wherein Jeremiah Quinlan obtained an interlocutory decree against defendants Patrick Roach Sr., Patrick Roach Jr., David Roche and R. J. Callaghan, administrator of the estate of Catherine McNamara, deceased, which said decree was entered and recorded on the 11th day of May, 1898, in Judgment Book 34 of said Court, at page 229, I am commanded to sell all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 22 in block No. 43 as per map of land on Oakland Point (railroad ferry landing), city of Oakland, tract 405, surveyed by R. L. Harris, filed in the office of the County Recorder of said Alameda county, May 24th, 1864;

Lot No. 13 in block No. 39 designated and shown upon the above mentioned map;

Lot No. 14 in block No. 39 as designated and shown upon the above mentioned map.

Also all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situated, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, to-wit:

Lot No. 29 in block No. 501 as designated and shown on a certain map entitled "Map of Gibbons Property at Oakland Point," on file in the office of the County Recorder of said Alameda county.

Lot No. 30 in said block No. 501 as designated and shown on said map of the Gibbons property at Oakland Point.

Also all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the county of Solano, State of California, to-wit:

Lot No. 15 in block No. 407 as designated and shown upon a certain map entitled "Map of Lands of the Vallejo Central Homestead Association" on file in the office of the County Recorder of Solano county.

Lot No. 12 in block No. 435 as designated and shown upon a certain map entitled "Map of Lands of the Vallejo Central Homestead Association" on file in the office of the County Recorder of Solano county.

And public notice is hereby given that on

Saturday the 13 h Day of August A. D 1898.

At the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at my office at No. 1070 Broadway, in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, I will, in obedience to said interlocutory decree, sell at public auction, for cash, gold coin of the United States, subject to confirmation by said Superior Court, the above described property, to the highest and best bidder.

Notice is further given that the above described property (consisting of distinct lots) will be sold separately by lots as above set forth.

Terms and conditions of sale: Cash, gold coin of the United States, ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid to the undersigned on the day of sale, balance on confirmation of sale by said Superior Court.

A. H. BREED,
Referee appointed by said Superior Court.
Dated July 8th, 1898.
FITZGERALD & ABBOTT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor, at the office of the Tribune Publishing Co., 413, 415, 417 Eighth st., Oakland, California, which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with said estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased.

HENRY F. FRAHM,
Executor of the estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased.
Dated, Oakland, July 13th, 1898.
E. L. WEBBER, Napa Bank Building, Napa, Cal., Attorney for Executor.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh, deceased, and for the issuance to Sophie Crawford of letters testamentary thereon has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the first day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 1 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, State of California, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place for proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 14th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
SAM'L BELL McKEE, Attorney for Petitioner.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Eli S. Denison, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Eli S. Denison, deceased, and for the issuance to Celia M. Denison of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 1st day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 1 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 20, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By J. CAL EWING, Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL.

Notice to Voters.

REGISTRATION.

Office of the County Clerk of Alameda County, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that all citizens whose names are not now on the Great Register of Alameda county are requested to register in order to be entitled to vote at the next general election in November, 1898.

That owing to failure of the Governor to approve the act unanimously passed by both branches of the last Legislature providing assistance for Clerk it is necessary to begin registration at an early date in order to satisfactorily attend to registration.

That voters who have since the date of the last general election taken up their residence in Alameda county, and those who since that date have removed from precinct in which their name appears on Great Register, must make affidavit in order to have their names placed on Register of precinct in which they now reside.

That it is NOT necessary for voters who registered for the general election of 1896 and whose names appear on the Great Register of 1896 to again make affidavit for registration UNLESS SINCE THE DATE OF LAST REGISTRATION THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

That registration will continue to and including August 9th, 1898, after which it will cease.

Attention is called to the provisions of Section 1083, which provides that those "who shall have been a resident of the State ONE YEAR next preceding the election, and of the county in which they claim their vote NINETY DAYS, and in the election precinct THIRTY days" are entitled to registration.

Further notice is hereby given that affidavit for registration or transfer may be sworn to before any Deputy County Clerk in the different towns and precincts of the county, or before any Deputy County Assessor, without charge.

Affidavits can also be sworn to before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public.

Notice is given that after the filing of affidavits, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSES OF TRANSFER, when names are ENTERED on Great Register, postal cards will be sent giving date of entry. If postal is not received, voters should ascertain the reason why.

The office of the County Clerk in the Hall of Records will be, until further notice, open for registration from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. of each day.

Dated April 4, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk.
(Seal)

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Office of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, Oakland, Alameda county, California, July 15th, A. D. 1898.

To the stockholders of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, a corporation:

Public notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, a corporation, will be held at the office of said corporation, said office being situated on the first floor of the building situated on the northeasterly corner of Twenty-fourth street and Oakland avenue, in the city of Oakland, in the county of Alameda, State of California (the same being the principal place of business of the said corporation, and being the building where the Board of Directors of said corporation usually meet), on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of July, A. D. 1898, at the hour of half past two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, said special meeting of the stockholders of said corporation is hereby called to take action concerning the disposition and conveyance of the entire corporate property and franchises belonging to the said corporation; and also to transact such other business of every nature and description as may lawfully come before the said meeting. Said meeting is hereby called upon, and pursuant to, the written request of S. C. Bigelow, John R. Spring, James Moffitt and E. A. Heron, said last named persons being directors of said corporation and constituting a majority of the Board of Directors thereof.

It is hereby directed that public notice of said special meeting of said stockholders shall be published for at least one week in the Oakland Tribune, a newspaper printed and published daily at the said city of Oakland, in the county and State aforesaid. The first publication of said notice in said newspaper shall be at least one week before the day set for the holding of said meeting, and the said notice is hereby directed to be published daily from and after said first publication up to and including the day upon which said meeting is hereby called to be held.

Dated at the city of Oakland, in the county of Alameda, State of California, this fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1898.

CHAS. R. BISHOP,
President of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway.
Attest:
(Seal) DANIEL GRANT,
Secretary.

Notice to Contractors.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of Trustees of the Bray School District, Fruitvale, Alameda Co., Calif., notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by said Board until 8 o'clock P. M., July 20th, 1898, for furnishing materials and performing the labor necessary for the erection and completion of an eight room school building in said Bray School District.

Separate proposals will be received and separate contracts made for furnishing the materials and performing the labor necessary for each of the following parts of said building, viz:

(1) For masonry work, including all excavating, concrete and cement work.
(2) For carpentry, mill work, plastering and brick work.
(3) For plumbing.
(4) For painting.
(5) For heating and ventilating.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied with a check equal to 10 per cent of the proposal. Said proposals will be publicly opened July 20th, 1898, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the school room on Fruitvale avenue near Wash street, and contracts based thereon will be entered into as soon thereafter as practicable. The contractors to whom contracts are awarded will be required to file with said Board a good and sufficient bond to an amount to be fixed by the Trustees, for the faithful performance of his contract.

Plans and specifications of said building can be seen at the office of D. F. Oliver, architect, room 59, Macdonough building, Oakland, Cal.

The Board of Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all proposals made.

W. M. ANTELL,
JOHN McARTHUR,
C. F. POWELL,
Trustees Bray School District, Alameda County, Cal.

NOTICE.

NOTICE—All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,
By W. E. DARGIE, President.
Oakland, January 1, 1895.

50c

Very Stylish Straw Hats,

such goods as you have often paid $1.00 and over for. We want to clean them out.

SEE WINDOW

*

M. J. Keller

COMPANY

1105-1109 BROADWAY

"BROTHER" WARNON WAS IN A FIGHT.

His Veracity Questioned by a Doubter of Mormon Proclivities.

Blows He Narrowly Averted at the Meeting of Prayer Last Night.

The "Rev. Dr." Francis Warnon, who claims to heal the sick by the laying on of hands, was fiercely attacked by one of his followers during a meeting at the Exposition building last night.

The trouble was caused by an attack upon fakers made by Warnon. Early in the evening he brought up the subject, saying: "I understand that there are fakers going around and calling upon my patients, representing themselves to be divine healers and coming from me, and in some cases asking for a fee of $5. I want to warn the people that these fellows are imposters, and that the money patients pay to these fellows will be thrown away. There are other fakers calling themselves 'Mormon healers.'"

"Hold on, Brother Francis," exclaimed a long haired individual, who said his name was Rev. D. Coey. "You are misrepresenting facts—you are not telling the truth. There are Mormon healers here, and they are not fakers. They are doing good work."

Warnon excitedly called upon the man to sit down, but Coey was obdurate.

"Sit down!" repeated Warnon. "Don't you talk that way. You are not big enough to talk that way to me. Sit down, and remember in future your services here will not be required. We can get along without such people as you."

The place was instantly in a hubbub. Men and women shouted, prayed and sang, and during the confusion Warnon quietly escaped.

Many of the "healer's" followers are leaving him, and the attendance at the Exposition is rapidly dwindling away.

Stars and Stripes

do not always enthuse some Americans, but under any and all circumstances and conditions in life men WILL enthuse over the superior values we offer in Men's Suits.

We make it a point to SATISFY our customers, to FIT any man of any length or breadth and invariably to give better values for less money than any other tailor in existence. If you have dealt with us before you know it. If you have not, come to our store during this week and we will prove it to you.

During July we offer special inducements.

*

A. BIEBER & CO.

Columbian Woolen Mills

1005 BROADWAY

PICTURESQUE PHASES OF THE WAR AT MANILA.

Swaggering Spaniards in Comic Opera Costumes.

Officers Storm Beer Halls Rather Than Rebel Strongholds.

THE MALAY STYLE OF FIGHTING.

The Insurgents' Terrible Knives More Deadly Than Spanish Mausers.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MANILA, May 29.—The British gunboat Swift arrived here a few days ago from Hong Kong with mails, which it was thought the American naval commander, Rear Admiral Dewey, might not see his way to pass for fear of a technical breach of the blockade; but he made no objection. So all the mails went ashore, and a blessing they were to the poor, blockaded Manila residents. There are business firms with immense interests at stake, all depending on mail advices, now that the telegraph cables are cut. For a few days the Iloilo cable was used, messages being forwarded thence by boat to Labuan, but that did not last long, for the Americans found out that the Spaniards were communicating with their home government on war matters, and so they stopped it.

The last message said that a squadron of four armored cruisers, accompanied by coal ships and convoying torpedo boats and troop ships, with 12,000 soldiers on board, had left Spain for the Philippines.

Admiral Dewey has been most courteous and obliging. He readily gave permission to visit the arsenal at Cavite, where, however, there is nothing to be seen of interest. Cavite is on a low, sandy spot about eight miles from Manila, as the crow flies, but nearly thirty miles by road, as there is a broad bay intervening, and the shores are swampy for some distance inland. The Cavite peninsula points in the direction of Manila, and is joined to the mainland by a low, narrow isthmus, where in last year's rebellion two bodies of Spanish troops met and mistook each other for rebels, and practically annihilated each other, over a thousand of the soldiers losing their lives through the blunder. At the end of the peninsula are two points—a large one outside named Sangley, a smaller one, Cavite proper, on the inner side, jutting out between the upper and lower parts of Cavite bay.

On Sangley point is the slipway for repairing ships and a small battery of two Krupp fifteen-centimetre guns. At Cavite arsenal several of the oldest type of Armstrong muzzle-loading, six-inch guns are mounted, apparently for ornament, with symmetrical mounds of round shot alongside. In the arsenal inclosure are buildings of the usual sort, machine sheds, ammunition, stores, etc. The engine shop is kept in good order by the Americans. It is small but useful. The machinery mostly bears the names of English makers, and has been maintained in a satisfactory state of repair. All the rest—magazines, officers' quarters, hospital and barracks—had been looted, first by the Spaniards, then by the rebels. Here and there the buildings show a great shot-hole, but there was little shelling of the place.

The Spanish ships in the bay, however, tell a pitiful and terrible tale. The poor old Castilla is the worst, though she shows the least, for she is now almost entirely submerged. She was a wooden cruiser, and all her woodwork burned to the water's edge, leaving only the metal skeleton, the ribs and frames, funnels, ventilators, ash hoists and gun shields, battered, perforated in a thousand spots, and hammered and twisted out of position and almost out of recognition. She is a wonderful, terrible testimony to the destructiveness of modern weapons, well handled. It is the most shocking object lesson that the friends of peace could possible adduce—to picture a number of men and boys cooped up for two hours on a floating target, to be shot to bits with large and small projectiles, mangling, mutilating, and murdering mercilessly.

The Castilla was so old that when she had perforce to venture out of Manila bay, to go only thirty miles to Subig, the working of the propeller shaft in the tubes started the timber, and she leaked too fast for the pumps to keep her afloat. She had to be beached gently at Subig till the timbers could be patched up with cement. When her guns were fired she again started to fill with water. It was an enormity, a crime, ever to put such a vessel in the fighting line. To make men fight in such a coffin-ship was simply diabolical.

The Reina Christina is less submerged, less burned, but shows more battering. Of her bridge, only the starboard supports and a foot or two of the bridge itself remain, the rest evidently being blown into atoms by a shell which went on and struck the funnel near the base and apparently exploded inside, causing dreadful havoc in the engine room.

It is thought that unless peace is signed without further delay, Manila is a doomed city, for the insurgents are closing in rapidly and the city could no more survive a big battle than a house of cards could withstand a typhoon. Here is a rich seaport, a metropolis almost as large as Liverpool; the majority of the buildings are of a highly inflammable type, fires are frequent in ordinary times, and a little shelling would burn the whole city to the ground. Here is a population of a quarter of a million full-blooded Malays, ordinarily indolent but intensely excitable on occasions and capable of anything such as the storming of the city by their kinsmen under the insurgent flag.

Neither the place nor the people can go through a week of what Paris had to endure for six weeks. Yet the Spaniards are as desperately unyielding as the French were in 1870, as confident in their unavailing valor, as ignorant of the irresistible forces they defy.

Every day and all day there is an exodus from the city, stimulated every few days by some new scare. Large, clumsy river boats, towed by steam launches or poled by natives start up the river, conveying families and goods and come down again for more. Every road leading out of the city is thronged day after day with similar traffic until the roads are, one by one, declared unsafe beyond stated points on account of the insurgents.

The first news of Aguinaldo's advance on the city increased the refugee movement, but now he is reported within nine miles of the city limits and complete panic prevails. Soldiers are being hurried to the front and are coming back horribly slashed with the foresters' knives of the natives. All day long the wounded are filing through the streets, a pitiful procession after the bravery and trumpeting that heralded their departure. The careless swagger and the haughty strut which characterized the Spanish soldiery in the streets of Manila have given place to a weary shuffle and a sullen trudge.

It is pitiful to see so many school boys valiantly taking part in the war, and most of the men here have never been out of their native villages until now. The boyish appearance is not lessened by the uniform, which looks almost a burlesque, a light straw hat, high in the crown and wide in the brim, like that of the typical stage brigand; blue striped cotton clothes, a black leather belt, and footgear of many sorts. Many of the poor fellows have no shoes at all, and they get their feet shockingly lacerated in the country. It is said that over sixty per cent of the army hospital cases are feet festering from thorns.

The Spanish army suggests comic opera. They are burly Falstaff officers swarming about the cafes and beer saloons. Spanish officers might at any rate devote two or three hours per day to the question whether there is anything in the world worse than an officer asleep on a beer-shop lounge in the forenoon when the enemy is at the gates of the city.

The rank and file can only be pitied. There are whole regiments of striplings not long out from Spain, picturesquely attired, ready and willing to do anything and never count the odds nor flinch from death. But they cannot fight, because they are not trained and their leaders are incapable.

The Philippine native, like all the kindred Malay races, cannot do any fighting as a rule, except at close quarters, slashing with his heavy knife. The weapon is much the same, be it called machete or bolo, or kampilan or parang or kris. The plan of action is the same—to rush in unexpectedly and hack about without the slightest attempt at self-protection.

The Mause rifle, too, in hard work is found to be a mistake. It has a case of five cartridges, which have to be all used before any others can be inserted. That is to say, if a soldier has occasion to fire three cartridges, he must go on and waste the other two or else leave himself to meet a possible sudden rush with only two rounds in his rifle. Perhaps it may be the fault of the men, or their misfortune in being undrilled, but they are often knifed while in the act of reloading their rifles. Whatever be the explanation, there is something wrong in troops with rifles and bayonets being driven steadily back by natives armed with knives. The insurgents have some guns, but most of the wounded Spanish soldiers seen in the streets have knife wounds.

ELKS EXPRESS THEIR SYMPATHY.

Oakland Lodge, No. 171, B. P. O. Elks, adopted the following resolutions of regret over the death of the two officers killed in the Melrose explosion:

"A terrible crime perpetrated in this county having resulted in the death of five officers of the law who perished as heroes in the fearless performance of their duties; therefore be it

"Resolved, That we, the members of Oakland Lodge, No. 171, B. P. O. Elks, extend to the bereaved families and relatives of the deceased officers our sincerest sympathy in the hour of their sorrow; and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this lodge and published in the daily papers."

The local lodge will entertain the San Francisco lodges and also the Military Elks next Thursday evening.

Zawanhaka the Fastest Sloop.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The last of the series of trial races among the twenty-foot sloops has been sailed at Oyster bay, and the regatta committee of the Zawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club have decided unanimously in favor of the Crane design Zawanhaka as the best boat fitted to represent America in the international yacht races to take place at Montreal next month. There were three races, all of which were won by the Zawanhaka.

Brann's Iconoclast Sold.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

DALLAS, Tex., July 22.—Brann's Iconoclast of Waco has been sold by Mrs. Carrie Brann, widow of the late editor, W. C. Brann, to F. T. Marple of Fort Worth, Tex., for $1,000. It is not known whether the sale was made to satisfy indebtedness. The purchaser will continue the publishing of the Iconoclast for the present, when it is thought it will be moved to Fort Worth.

FLUCTUATIONS OF OUR PUERTO RICAN TRADE.

It Consists Mainly of Agricultural Products.

Sugar and Molasses Form the Great Bulk of Imports.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The trade between the United States and Puerto Rico is reviewed in a bulletin issued by the Secretary of Agriculture, compiled under the direction of Frank H. Hitchcock, Chief of the Foreign Market Section. Special efforts to secure the most reliable and complete data were made, owing to the avowed intention of the Administration to make the island a permanent possession.

The official returns show that our commercial transactions with Puerto Rico during the fiscal year 1897, just closed, amounted in value to $4,169,912, the least since the civil war, except in 1895, when it fell to $3,840,056. The highest mark was in 1873, when imports and exports had a combined value of $13,870,925. Subsequently the trade declined rapidly, and in less than a decade it had fallen off more than one-half. The average annual trade fell from $6,017,755 for 1888-92 to $4,856,817 in 1893-97.

The reciprocity treaty in force in the three fiscal years 1892-94 considerably augmented the trade, the average annually in that period being $6,159,794, against $5,867,604 for three preceding years, and $3,969,572 in three years following. While our imports from Puerto Rico increased very little during that treaty period, there was an important gain in volume of our exports to the island. The shrinkage in our trade with Puerto Rico is traceable mainly to the falling of our imports from the island. The value of the merchandise we now send to Puerto Rico closely approaches the value of the goods we receive in return. Formerly our imports were largely in excess of our exports. While the annual value of the latter has remained practically stationary, that of imports has been gradually declining, until in the last five years the average yearly excess of the latter over the former was only $384,561, against an excess of $8,754,608 in 1872. In 1895, for the first time in the history of the trade, our shipments there exceeded our importations, the balance being $327,032.

Agricultural products play the most important part of this commerce, being over 80 per cent in value of merchandise exported and imported. Our imports are almost entirely agricultural. Non-agricultural products also form less than 40 per cent of our exports there. Sugar is the most important of the imports, comprising nearly 75 per cent of all imports, and combined with molasses would form over 95 per cent. Fruits, nuts and spices are other important agricultural imports.

The average annual import of coffee for the last five years was 164,709 pounds, worth $32,671. This item has declined about two-thirds in the last decade.

The leading non-agricultural imports from there are perfumery and cosmetics, chemicals, drugs and dyes, unmanufactured wood and salt. Breadstuffs and meat products in value form nearly 95 per cent of our agricultural exports to Puerto Rico. Wheat flour, the leading export, reached a value of $570,619 between 1893-97. During the last five years the average annual value of the meat exports, returned at $262,576, was slightly larger than that of exported breadstuffs, the latter declining and the former increasing during the last decade.

Wood and its manufactures and manufactures of iron and steel constitute over one-half of the non-agricultural exports to Puerto Rico, mineral oils and coal also being important items.

$15.00

A very Small price For a Tailor's Suit To order,

still smaller when you get an imported article such as used to sell at twice the price.

*

SEE WINDOW.

*

M. J. Keller

COMPANY

1105-1109 BROADWAY.

PORTO RICANS WANT ANNEXATION

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Senor P. De Castro, one of the prominent members of the Porto Rican Junta of this city, when asked as to the attitude of the Junta, said: "When that Junta was organized, we were pledged to secure the independence of the island. That was more than two years ago. Such a thing as annexation was not discussed, because Spain was not at war with America. Since this war, however, all our people are with America. At a meeting on July 12th we decided to assist the United States unconditionally. The majority of us are in favor of annexation. Any talk of the revolutionary party of Porto Rico resisting the invasion of the Americans is nonsense. I was at the meeting held July 12th in this city and never heard such a threat.

"I have grave doubts of our ability to make a republic of Porto Rico, meaning as it does an internal strife, but annexation would be successful. The majority of Porto Ricans in this country are heartily in favor of it. There are some few, against annexation, but none who would counsel resistance to it by force of arms."

EMPLOYER'S FUNDS MISAPPROPRIATED.

L. B. Reynolds, Route Agent For the Sun Laundry is Missing.

L. B. Reynolds, an employee of the Sun Laundry, is missing and his employers as well as numerous creditors are mourning his departure.

Reynolds owned a laundry route, which was known as the Red Star Laundry, but which in reality was a part of the Sun Laundry on Nineteenth street and Telegraph avenue.

Superintendent Baur, becoming suspicious, pressed Reynolds for an accounting which Reynolds promised to give on the following Monday. Instead of doing this, however, he collected several large bills and on Monday disappeared.

It is said the young man traveled at the pace that kills and it is estimated his shortage is nearly $2,000. The police have been asked to look into the matter, and a warrant for embezzlement will probably be issued.

Forest Fire in Colorado.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

DENVER, Col., July 22.—News has just reached here of a terrible forest fire raging in Routt county, which promises to do incalculable damage before it burns itself out or is extinguished by a good rainstorm. It is now far beyond the control of the settlers living in that section of the fine timber land in the vicinity of Steamboat Springs.

Mothers of School Boys

ATTENTION! School commences next Monday. We have placed our entire stock of Children's and

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS

Waists and Blouses at prices justifying you in putting neat, new suits on your little ones when they return to Class. The makes are the best.

Our Improvement Sale applies to YOUR LITTLE ONES for

15 DAYS LONGER

You obtain a legitimate reduction of from 20 to 30 per cent off regular prices.

Our reductions are as legitimate as our goods.

TO THE MOTHERS OF OAKLAND—A cordial, sincere and money saving welcome this week.

ANIMATOSCOPES—showing a thousand pictures, FREE WITH EVERY SUIT!

SEE THEM WHEN YOU COME TO US.

Jonas Clothing Co.

1063-1065 BROADWAY

JUNTA WANTS A SUSPENSION OF JUDGMENT.

Garcia's Actions Will Be Satisfactorily Explained.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 22.—At the Cuban Junta's headquarters in New street, Horatio Rubens said he could not discuss General Garcia's actions intelligently, because the reports about them are so conflicting. "One dispatch tells us," said he, "that General Garcia declined to attend the ceremonies at the surrender of Santiago, and another that he is indignant because he was not invited to be present at those ceremonies. The members of the Junta cannot express an opinion on the subject until they hear directly from General Garcia, or until General Shafter makes an official report to Washington. We do not know whether General Garcia has left the American army or not, and if he has it may be for some reason entirely different from anger or resentment.

"When General Gomez received his supplies from the United States he stated that all the Cuban army had to do was to help the American forces in driving the Spanish out of Cuba. He pledged their co-operation, and is sure to carry out his promises."

Senor Gonovar, who arrived on the Seneca on Wednesday, acted as an interpreter under General Garcia at Santiago. Before departing for his home in St. Augustine he called at the Junta and spoke of the conditions at Santiago when he left there. He said: "While it is true that there is bad feeling on the part of the American troops towards the Cuban soldiers, it is due to a mistake. The mistake was in taking pacifico for Cuban soldiers. The regular Cuban troops were at the extreme west of the American troops during the action. The Americans were working in trenches, where they had great difficulty in obtaining their food supplies. While there a party of pacifico passed them coming from the depot where provisions were distributed. The Americans were hungry, and when they saw the Cubans supplied with an abundance of food, and believing them to be Cuban soldiers, they formed a bad opinion, which has grown into a prejudice.

"An inspection of the Cuban hospitals showed that they contained several hundred wounded soldiers, an evidence that the Cubans did some fighting."

Crosby's Bravery.

ALAMEDA, July 22.—J. A. Crosby has received a letter from Lieutenant C. A. Clarke of the United States training ship Pensacola at Mare Island, complimenting the bravery of young Walter G. Crosby. On July 9th Ernest Lindner, an apprentice, who could not swim, fell from the boom of the Pensacola into the water. Young Crosby threw aside his shoes and, jumping from the chains to the water, a distance of nineteen feet, rescued Lindner as he was sinking for the third time.

Soldiers Insult Colored Ladies.

Editor Tribune:—Last evening, at 9:15 o'clock two respectable colored ladies were stopped by a party of eight soldiers at the corner of Twelfth and Washington streets. While some of the soldiers attempted to grasp the ladies, others amused themselves by applying uncomplimentary remarks. Their conduct was uncalled for and a disgrace to soldiers who are gentlemen. I trust that the Boys in Blue will remember that colored ladies have rights that should be respected.

T. W. LOGAN.

722 Filbert street.

A Medical Lecture.

The Alameda County Homeopathic Medical Society has issued cards to a lecture to be given by Professor Geisinger this evening at the First Unitarian Church on the following subject: "Atomic Motion Transmuted Developes the Therapeutic Property of Matter."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The Narrow Gauge Market.

The Narrow Gauge Meat Market, Garner & Son, prop'rs, sell prime meats below down-town prices, and invite the patronage of contiguous residents. Cor. Webster and Ninth streets.

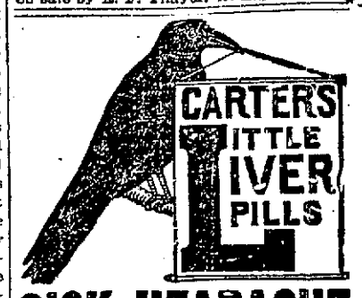
If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

Liquors For Families.

Furnished and delivered free. Purity and quality guaranteed. Landregan Bros., 912 Broadway. Telephone main 570.

Special this week at H. Schellhaas', 408 Eleventh street; household furniture. Telephone 852 blue.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whiskey, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 464 Eighth street.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.